Dep. Min. Agriculture
March 1-18

WITHOUT IRRIGATION —THE— Gleichen District HAD Highest Average Yield —OF— Wheat & Oats —IN— Sunny Alberta In 1906 ACCORDING TO GOVERNMENT STATISTICS

The Bow Valley Call

Devoted to the Up-Building of Gleichen and the Development of the District Generally

THE CALL PUBLISHED IN THE Centre OF THE Greatest IRRIGATION Project ON THE Continent

Year IV., No. 43. GLEICHEN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, JANUARY 12, 1911. $1.50 Per Year

CULPABLE NEGLIGENCE

It is with extreme regret that The Call finds it necessary, through its columns, to call the attention of the townspeople and parents in particular to the fact of their indifference to the social well-being of the community, themselves and those dependent on them. Yet it is a sad, lamentable fact, perhaps, no worse here than in other places; but none the less blameable for that. Lately, it appears, that if a meeting is called—however important the purport may be for the present and future posterity—there is just those present who have had the work of the term to do, and they, it may be noted, are, individually, almost the same band of conscientious workers. The people who have, generally, most to say if anything is overlooked, and never, at any time, offer to render assistance, although, in the majority of cases, they reap the greatest benefit from the labor of others, seem to think that, because they have escaped the drudgery of the task, there is no further call on their time. It would be well if they paused and considered the insult their absence implied to those who had striven faithfully to carry out the duties allotted them, and also how soon would come chaos if all were as they. Surely it requires no great effort or sacrifice to be present for an hour, say, at an annual School Board or other kindred institution, meeting and listen to the report of progress and financial statement for the year, and, if occasion offers, to give your opinions and advice, which is invariably welcome, and at all times take an interest in the work intended to perpetuate the best advantages of all. It is an imperitive duty which, as a citizen and parent, the well-being of your offspring demands. Of course, if at any time these delinquents should be questioned on their absence, excuses, and plenty of them, are forthcoming; but to what value, few are worth the breath wasted on the utterance. It would not be amiss to remind these people that it is not to such that the institutions of the Empire owes their freedom, greatness and advantage; but to those who, by self-sacrifice, have placed their talents and time at the disposal of the community to the best interests of all. However, it is never too late mend, and it is the general inherent desire—but it slumbers—to make Gleichen and its institutions advance rapidly in all their phases of moral, social and practical possibilities, and this can only be done by an united effort to discard indifference and take genuine interest, to rise out of the slough of selfishness and be generous in honest endeavor to help others to help one another.

Gleichen Local, U.F.A.

Deferred Annual Meeting

Miuntes of meeting of U. F. of Gleichen, branch No. 96 held in the sample rooms of the Palace Hotel, Gleichen, January 7th, 1911 being an adjourned meeting from Dec. 31st. 1910. There was a large attendance of members.

The first thing in order taken up was the election of officers.

After some discussion the names of W. D. Trego, Henry Lee and Emil Griesback were placed in nomination, and upon ballot deing taken Emil Griesback was declared elected, and after a short and appropriate address took the chair.

Mr. J. E. Ostrander was then elected Vice President by acclamation.

W. D. Trego was elected Secretary by acclamation.

Henry Lee was elected treasurer by acclamation.

The next order of business taken up was the election of representatives to attend the convention to be held at Calgary January 16th. 17th. and 18th. 1911,

After a lengthy discussion W. D. Trego, J. E. Ostrander and A. D. Shore were elected as delegates.

Letter of Edward J. Fream, was then read by retiring acting Secretary, A. D. Shore and discussed at some length.

Letter of Mr. M. Eugene Sly of Strathmore was then read and laid on the table.

Report of W. D. Trego was then heard as to his interviews with Mr. C. W. Peterson relative to adjustment of claims of members of this organization against the Canadian Pacific Irrigation Colonization Co. and discussed.

The retiring officers were then extended a vote of thanks for their faithful work for the organization.

The following named members renewed their membership.

J. E. Ostrander, W. D. Trego, A. Nielson, C. Anderson, L. Moore, H. Lee, J. R. Allgood, A. D. Shore, and F. Daw.

It is Cheaper to Live in Gleichen

After Many Hours Discussion The Call Has Come to The Above Conclusion

Ever since Adam and Eve were turned loose in the Garden of Eden the eating problem has been in vogue. It doesn't matter whether it's cold or hot, wet or dry, every man, every woman, every child, in Gleichen, so far as we know eat three sqnare meals per day. The cost of the various commodies is an item worth considering. Last year was not a very profilic one in vegetables but still what vegetables were grown were of the most excellent quality. However, the eating problem, so far as it has to do with vegetables has been reduced to the minmum. In this connection it may be mentioned that a very poor crop of potatoes was harvested last fall, however a good many of our farmers had more then enough for themselves and have or intend to sell their surplus spuds to the home market, and so the price of murphies in Gleichen is only a secondary consideration.

Eggs and butter are rather high at present. Meat in this burge is cheaper then in the larger towns. Rent, too, has to be taken into consideration when one is figuring the cost of living. While vacant houses are extremely scarce here, rent is moderately low, $15 securing as as good a dwelling as a banker or editor would care to live in. The same house in a city would bring double that amonut.

The cost of fuel—well, that too is a living expense, and is always cheaper and of better quality here than can be had in larger places. cheaper because the dealers are satisfied with a small profit: better because the mine operators cannot palm off on them dirt and slack.

The cost of dry goods, clothing, etc., are likewise items of cost, although they do not strain the pocket book here as the same items in Calgary.

Taxes are very light being, if we remember correctly, four mills on the dollar, the hiring of help is not very high, hence it stands to reason that one can live in Gleichen and enjoy every luxury of life, for about half, or two-thirds at the very outside, that it would cost him in a city. And life here is worth the living too, for there is a cordiality about the people that one cannot help but enjoy.

A Serious Accident to Walter Shaw

It appears, from information received, that on Saturday, December 24th, Walter Shaw, a popular young Gleichenite, left for his homestead on the Red Deer driving a heavily loaded wagon, and all went well until making the river-crossing and then the fore wheels of his wagon breaking through the ice, throwing Shaw off the top of his load, with no further damage than the breaking of his wagon pole. Taking his axe to repair the break, it is said, he slipped and struck his head on the axe inflicting an ugly wound and minor injuries. He walked six miles to the nearest settler and arrived in a weakened condition, where all possible relief and care was given him, and after three days proceeded to his homestead, where the attention of a neighboring doctor was received. After careful examination it was discovered that his injuries were more serious than at first surmised. Mr. Shaw was taken Monday to the Calgary hospital where, it is anticipated, an operation will have to be performed on the unfortunate young man's skull.

The Call joins with his many friends in wishing him a speedy recovery.

DOROTHY NEWS

(By Arthur Peake)

Sorry to see you have changed the name of your paper, but suppose we will soon be having a "Red Deer Valley Reply" out here as there is an endless commotion of dry farmers here, with the exception of one, whose jug is generally empty though, before he gets up the river banks.

In these progressive times, with new towns starting up all over, I am for a boost for Dorothy. Dorothy, as you might expect from the name is a very peaceful little town. It is picturesquely situated on a sage bush flat between the antediluvian banks of the Red Deer River. Town lots are not yet on the market but will be put on, before the steamboats commence to run regular trips to Hudson Bay. The river will probably be dredged as soon as it is proved conclusively that the surrounding country will produce sufficient fruit to supply European markets. This is merely a question of time.

The climate has changed since the days of the dinesour. And it will doubtless change again. There is a ferry at Dorothy which connects with Bassano and Gleichen by excellent trails and is a great benefit to the settlers in the famous Hand Hill country and also the country to the east.

The hills on either side of the river are somewhat steep but no trouble at all to go down if you keep to the trail. The government will probably build a high level bridge here eventually with a lift in the middle for people stopping in town. Dorothy boasts an excellent store and a general blacksmith. There is a first class opening for a white woman to do family washing. No doctors, lawers or weather prophets wanted.

The Town Council

The weekly meeting of the Gleichen Municipal Council was held in Messrs. McKie and Henderson's office, on Thursday, January 5th. There were present: The Mayor (Dr. Wm. Ross) in the chair, Councillors T. H. Beach, F. H. Blackbourne, J. B. Leggat, W. H. James, C. J. Bray and T. Hepple.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and received.

A discussion took place on the most advisable method to adopt in carrying on the prospective works of the Council—by contract or day work.

The Sec.-Treas. B. S. Corey, said that he had written to the authorities in Westaskiwin, Red Deer and Stettler for information on the subject regarding their conclusions, and had received replies from all three favoring the principle of day labor. Received.

Moved by Ald. T. H. Beach and seconded by Ald. C. J. Bray "That the Mayor and Sec.-Treasurer sign the contract with the John Galt Engineering Co. for the construction of the Water and Sewerage systems as adopted. With the proviso that the Council have an adjustment of $250.00, the cost of the preliminary survey, plans, etc. Carried.

A number of accounts presented were passed for paymant

J. J. McCabe was appointed auditor to carry out the audit of the past year's accounts.

The Sec.-Treasurer was instcucted to prepare a by-law to conform to the Act in making the appointment

Considerable discussion arose over the choice of a suitable site for the erection of the new Town Hall.

The Mayor explained that several excellent positions were under consideration.

The meeting then adjourned.

At the invitation of His Worship the Mayor the Councillors then proceeded to the Gleicken Hotel and partook of an excellent supper. The occasion commemorating the past successful and harmonious term of the first Gleichen Borough Council. The Councillors speak highly of the Mayor's idea of hospitality.

Now that the inventory season is here, take stock of yourself and pay up your subscriptions.

Chris Bartsch has disposed of 250 head of prime cattle to P. Burns and Co. The stock was shipped on Saturday to Calgary.

Porcupine Gold District

THE **Traders Bank of Canada**

HAS BRANCHES AT

HAILEYBURY
CHAS. H. DAY, Manager

KELSO MINES
J. D. TIPTON, Manager

PORCUPINE
G. G. BULLARD, Manager

These Branches are under the management of men experienced in Northern Ontario conditions. Their advice and services are at your disposal.

Telegraphic Transfers may be made

From New York, through the National Park Bank,
From Boston, through the First National Bank,
From Buffalo, through the Marine National Bank,
From Chicago, through the First National Bank,
From any Branch of the Traders Bank.

Escrows carefully guarded. 549

STUART STRATHY, General Manager TORONTO

J. F. NEWTON
Manager

GLEICHEN, ALTA.

Branches throughout the Dominion.

Capital and Surplus, $6,550,000

MISCELLANEOUS

Small Ads under this Heading cost 50 cents for first insertion and $1 per month, when more than one item is included an additional charge is made. Unless the number of issues are given with each order ads are left in until ordered out and charged for in full.

FOR SALE—East Half of Sec. 19-18-21, subject to C.P.R. contract. W. A. Brown, [illegible] 51

WANTED—To rent 320 acres or more near Gleichen, would prefer it ready for crop; references given; full particulars and requirements. Address Call. 43 49

FOR SALE—Timothy Seed, 10cts a pound, $ per hundred W. H. Goodwin, Box 113 Gleichen 5 miles north and 1 mile west. 47

FOR SALE—Seed Oats 50c per bushel. Kelly Bros. Arrowood. 42

FOR SALE—Rose and Single Comb brown Leghorn cockerals. Imported stock. Kirby's 242 egg strain. Won first premium at fair. $2 each. 6 for $10 W. Goodwin, Box 113. 5 miles N and 1 mile west of town.

FOR SALE—Motion picture theatre in east Calgary. Completed three weeks. Running well above expenses. No Competition. Wonderful speculative possibilities. Complete cash $1250 H. Ralf, 618, 8th Ave. East Calgary, Alberta.

LOST—Brindle muley cow, branded XF on right nip and A F on shoulder. Reward on recovery, Geo. Anderson, Gleichen. 44

WANTED—Work for team and man in town or freighting. Walter Eyerley, Gleichen Hotel 43

STRAYED or Stolen—Team of Black GELDINGS, four years coming five, weight about 1300 each. Branded W right shoulder, both have stars on forehead. One has snip on nose. Hind feet white on both. Reward $10 each for their recovery. F. W. Hobden. Box 195, Gleichen. 5 in

$20 REWARD for the Recovery of 3 Brown GELDINGS, 4 years old, branded 8 left shoulder, halter broke. Weight about 1150 G. M. GRAY, Queenstown. 39

WANTED—Information leading to the recovery of CATTLE branded Kg right or left ribs, left ear off. Also HORSES branded as on left thigh. Will be settled for by P. Sharp, Head Hills. 47

FOR SALE—Six octave Doherty Organ. Two sets reeds, eleven stops, in good order Moderate. Mrs. Finlayson, Gleichen. 42

LOST—Curley haired water spaniel about 6 months old. Collar on neck, answers to name of "Buster" $5 reward for return, F. A. Wallace per S.A.L. Co., Box 1 Gleichen. 42

ESTRAY—Small Collie Dog, about 7 months old, color yellow, with a white stripe around his neck. Reward will be paid for information leading to his recovery. Apply H. L. Oatley, Gleichen. 39

STRAYED—One Bay MARE, branded J within circle on left thigh. She also black sucking Colt. One Sorrel MARE branded J within circle on left thigh. Two Bay FILLIES branded Y within square on left shoulder. $20 Reward if returned to "P.K." Ranch on Red Deer, or notify me by mail and hold same until I come. W. A. Warlin, Shandleigh, Alta. 38

St. Andrew's Church

Annual Vestry Meeting

Friday evening last the annual vestry meeting of St. Andrew's Church, Gleichen, was held in the church. There was a very small attendance.

The Rev. T. Mitten, in the chair, read the report, pointing out the work of the parish and the various necessities for the church's welfare. The report was received.

Mr. T. F. Rowe was elected as secretary to the meeting, and then read the financial statement for the year, which shows a small indebtedness.

The following officers were then elected for the term: Messrs. J. E. Ostrander and E. Griesbach, Vicar's and People's wardens respectively; Vestry: Messrs. Dickenson, Rowe, Wade, Rawnsley, Notter, and Mortimer.

Mr. Dickenson was appointed delegate to the Synod.

A discussion took place on the necessity of disposing of the present site and rebuilding on another position.—It was decided to apply for an extended option on the lots in view, and leave further discussion to a later meeting.

Mr. Mitten appealed for more united action in conducting the affairs of the church, and stronger support in keeping the congregation together. He stated that he had already visited the houses of church members, representing the total of over 200.

The meeting then closed.

Exciting Bowling Match

Country v. Town

On the alleys in Ed. Urch's palace of sport, "The Hub," a very large crowd gathered on Saturday night to witness the bowling match between teams chosen from the bowlers of town and country, and were treated to a good exposition of the game, and much good-humored badinage was indulged in. The lossers had the honor of paying for a supper. The town team started off in excellent form and outstripped their opponents in the first of the three games; but their country cousins finding form turned the tables in the second round, and in the third and final bout completely routed the efforts of the townites, notwithstanding the brave rally of latter, and won an interesting and exciting match by 56 pins. The townsmen had the honor of—

Following are the names of the players and their respective scores:

COUNTRY TEAM

	1st	2nd	3rd	Total
Jas. Young	110	162	197	469
C. A. Millie	148	147	155	450
Roy Allen	131	168	165	464
W. Payne	79	133	112	324
Game Totals	468	610	629	1707

TOWN TEAM

	1st	2nd	3rd	Total
J. B. Leggat	180	130	172	482
T. H. Beach	132	122	132	386
D. Wishart	139	110	106	355
W. H James	163	129	136	428
Game Totals	614	491	546	1651

Having a good dinner—Country lost by 173

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., LL.D., D.C.L., PRESIDENT
ALEXANDER LAIRD, GENERAL MANAGER

CAPITAL, - $10,000,000 REST, - $7,000,000

FARMERS' BUSINESS

The Canadian Bank of Commerce extends to Farmers every facility for the transaction of their banking business including the discount and collection of sales notes. Blank sales notes are supplied free of charge on application.

BANKING BY MAIL

Accounts may be opened at every branch of The Canadian Bank of Commerce to be operated by mail, and will receive the same careful attention as is given to all other departments of the Bank's business. Money may be deposited or withdrawn in this way as satisfactorily as by a personal visit to the Bank. 231

GLEICHEN BRANCH, W. R. McKIE, Manager

BEGIN THE NEW YEAR
by Keeping Your
Life and Property Insured
In Thoroughly Reliable Companies.
Agent for the Best Companies in
Accident - Life - Fire
W. H. McKIE
REAL ESTATE LOANS INSURANCE

Stocktaking Sale

We will give
10 per cent. DISCOUNT
for CASH on Groceries and Dry Goods up till the end of January, 1911
BARCLAY & HALL
Gleichen's Popular Store

THE CANADIAN NAVY

SIR CHARLES TUPPER WOULD BUILD FAST CRUISERS

Ex-Prime Minister Has a Project that Would Assist the Empire in Time of War, and Help to Develop Trade in Canada in the Time of Peace—If he Were Ten Years Younger He Would Help Build Fast Steamers.

Montreal.—In a recent interview, Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, who has just returned from the Old Country, recited the views expressed by his father, Sir Charles Tupper, with regard to the construction of the Canadian navy.

The ex-prime minister is of the opinion that the government and parliament of Canada have made a great mistake in the manner they have chosen to assist the mother country.

Sir Charles declares that his project was one which would assist the empire in the time of war, and in no small measure help to develop the trade of Canada in the time of peace.

The veteran statesman said if he were ten years younger he would help to construct the most rapid steamers afloat, of the cruiser type, and thus constitute a service between Halifax and Great Britain that would leave New York and the American ports far in the rear, and if hostilities were to break out these cruisers would render signal service in keeping open our grain route across the Atlantic.

MANUFACTURERS TO COME DOWN

Will Not Object to Reciprocity in Agricultural Implements Under Certain Conditions

Ottawa.—The Free Press, in a recent issue, says:

"There is reason to believe that the proposition has been placed before the cabinet on the part of manufacturers of agricultural implements to the effect that they would be willing to accept the placing of certain classes of implements upon the free list if they were given corresponding concessions in the matter of raw materials.

"Of course the whole question is dependent upon the result of the negotiations at Washington, but those who claim to be in a position to know the sentiments of the agricultural implement makers state that they will not object to reciprocity in implements provided they get equal treatment from the United States. There are many points as to which Canadian implements would have a chance in the States, just as there are localities in which Americans might have the advantage, but there is a growing feeling that the real cause of Western complaints against duties upon implements is not so much a question of tariff as of railway rates, and that must be left for the railway commission to deal with."

LAUDS JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN

Has Done More to Consolidate Over-Seas Dominions Than Any Other Man

London. — A striking tribute to Chamberlain as an empire-builder was paid by Lord Strathcona at Birmingham recently when he said that the Birmingham people must be very proud to have among them one who has done more to consolidate the Dominions across the seas than any other man in Great Britain or the empire. Representing Canada in England, he knew nothing about their party politics, but he was glad to pay tribute to such a statesman and joined with them in the ardent wish that Joseph Chamberlain might be spared not only to the people of Birmingham but to the empire for many years.

C. N. R. To Operate H. B. Road

Ottawa.—The Ottawa Citizen says: "That Mackenzie and Mann interests have proposed to operate the Hudson Bay railway under lease from the government similar to one under which the Grand Trunk Pacific will operate the eastern section of the national transcontinental, was the important announcement made by a prominent official of the railway department.

"This would mean that Mackenzie and Mann are willing to pay an annual rental equal to three per cent. of the cost of the road if allowed to operate it for seven years rent free.

"The proposition will no doubt meet with strong opposition from the people of the West who want government operation of the Hudson Bay line."

Formed Many Unions in West

Toronto.—John Flett, Dominion organizer of the American Federation of Labor, has just returned to the the city after a seven months' tour in the west. Mr. Flett reports a good demand for skilled mechanics in the west, and says the scale of wages is considerably higher than in Toronto. During his trip Mr. Flett succeeded in founding thirty-five unions, embracing a number of trades, and further aided existing unions to materially strengthen their membership.

Compensation Act for Saskatchewan

Regina.—Speaking at the opening of the new Liberal club rooms, Premier Scott referred to the intention of the attorney general to introduce a compensation bill, which will have embodied in it the principle that workmen who suffer from accidents shall be assured of a certain amount of compensation without being obliged to find remedy in the courts.

Assets Will Redeem Bank Note Issue

Toronto.—G. T. Clarkson, curator of the wrecked Farmers' Bank stated recently that there would be sufficient assets to redeem the note issue without drawing upon the bank note guarantee fund deposited with the government.

Britain First

London.—Lord Strathcona on Canadian reciprocity wishes the United States well in the new year, but Great Britain has the first call with her subjects of the Dominion.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY

Multiplex Telephony is Practicable According to Recent Experiments

Washington, D.C.—General Allen, chief signal officer of the army, has announced that as a result of recent experiments by the signal corps, multiplex telephony, whereby several independent conversations may be carried on simultaneously over the same wire circuit, is now practicable.

Another discovery calculated to double the capacity of existing telephone lines, is that it is no longer necessary to use two wires, or what is known as the 'return wire," but that a single wire with "silent earth" connections can be used for multiplex telephony. All of the necessary instruments are already developed, and can be purchased in the open market.

It is a remarkable fact that the superior position of additional telephone conversations upon a wire circuit does not interfere in the slightest degree with the operation of present telephone installations. That the new system is practicable is evidenced by the fact that a single wire between the research laboratory and the signal corps connection is now being used for the transmission of two simultaneous conversations.

RUSSIA AND GERMANY AGREE

Germany Disclaims And Political Interests in Northern Persia

London.—An evening paper publishes what purposes to be the text of an agreement between Russia and Germany on Persian affairs and supposed to be the result of the meeting of Emperor Nicholas and the Kaiser at Potsdam, last November.

According to the text printed, Germany disclaims any political interest in Persia, and recognizes Russia's interests in northern Persia. Russia, on her part agrees to co-operate in building the long proposed Bagdad railroad and branches, and to give Germany commerce, and Persia equity of treatment.

This important fact will, quite likely, be resented by France and Great Britain as disloyalty on Russia's part to their entente. The sequal of the visit of the Russian monarch to Germany has been anticipated jealously in England where it was believed the not too cordial relations between Germany and Russia would be found to have been followed with a better understanding possibly to the disadvantage of this country.

EQUAL RIGHTS TO PROTESTANTS

Ulster is 44 Per Cent. Catholic and Outside of Belfast Voted Home Rule

London.—John E. Redmond devotes a long article in the London papers to an edeavor to remove the Unionists' objection to Home Rule. The objections are based on the fear that Uister Protestants will be unfairly treated.

Mr. Redmond assembled statistics showing that five of Ulster's nine counties are overwhelmingly Catholic, while excluding Belfast the whole of Ulster voted for Home Rule by a majority of 1,298. Mr. Redmond argues that in face of the fact that Ulster is 44 per cent. Catholic it cannot be claimed to be a Protestant province.

He quotes Protestant historians like Taylor and Leckie to show that a spirit of toleration always has been exercised by Irish Catholics. He declares that if Home Rule is granted, the Protestant minority will have equal rights with the Catholics.

BIG GRANT IS NEEDED

The Commission Will Ask Parliament to Vote a Large Sum of Money

Ottawa.—It is understood that the conservation commission will ask parliament this session to vote a large sum to carry on the work of conservation of forest resources of the Dominion.

It is reported that the grant, if it is made, should be extended over ten years and that it should be expended in reforestation and fire protection.

A recommendation along these lines will be adopted at the forestry convention when it meets in Quebec this month.

Earl Grey Will Visit Far North

Ottawa.—Further inquiries made recently tend to the belief that all difficulties will be cleared away and that His Excellency will be able to make his trip to the Arctic Circle. It is pointed out that it is not customary to ask the governor-general to attend a coronation and it is not likely that His Excellency will cross the Atlantic to attend the coronation ceremony. If he does not the probabilities are that his plans for a trip to the Arctic, which are at present incomplete, will be carried out and despite the apparent difficulties, the cruiser Rainbow will meet His Excellency at the mouth of the Mackenzie river.

Early Announcement

Ottawa.—There was a further conference here between Hon. G. P. Graham, minister of railways, Sir William Mackenzie and Sir Donald Mann in reference, it is presumed, to the Hudson Bay railway. No announcement was made at the conclusion of the interview, but it is understood that Mr. Graham expects to be in a position to make a definite announcement as to the government's policy shortly after the house meets.

Toll of the White Plague

Toronto.—Ontario's vital statistics for December, 1910, show a considerable decrease in the toll of consumption, there being only 108 cases and 72 deaths, compared with 138 cases and 120 deaths in December last year.

One for the Rebels

Mexico City. — Cusihuriachic, a town of 3,000 inhabitants, south of San Andreas in the state of Chisuahua, is reported to have fallen into the hands of the rebels. The town is of little importance strategically.

INTERESTED IN NORTH

LAND RUSH TO GRANDE PRAIRIE IS PROMISED

Hundreds of People are Waiting to Get Through to the Grande Prairie Country—Wagon Road Being Built from Edson to Connect with Government Road to Grande Prairie—On to Peace River.

Edmonton, Alta.—W. J. Webster, immigration agent, has returned from a trip to Edson and other points west on the Grand Trunk Pacific. He reports great activity at Edson, from where there will be, he says, as soon as sufficient snow falls, two thousand teams hauling supplies into the mountains for this year's railway work. At present hundreds of men are working on the G. T. P. round house and station. The round house will accommodate twelve engines but provision has been made for future extensions. The station and office building will be the largest west of Winnipeg.

Mr. Webster was much interested in the waggon road being built from Edson to connect with the government road to Grande Prairie. He drove over a portion of this road and found it very good. The government, he states, will put a ferry on the Athabasca river, and will bridge the Baptiste and Little Smoky rivers. The Big Smoky will be crossed by a ferry near Grande Prairie.

Mr. Webster was charmed with the weather at Edson. "They get the chinooks there you know," he said, "and at present have no snow. We could see the mountains very plainly from the city. It was a most beautiful sight."

Speaking of the prospective rush of land seekers to Grande Prairie, Mr. Hoskiss, publicity agent for Alberta, said:—"There are hundreds of people waiting to get through to the Grande Prairie country. I have letters from men from almost every one of the western and from some of the southern states, and from eastern Canada and Europe. Prospective settlers have written to ascertain the best time to set out on the trek to the north. I have instructed them that after February will be the best time. Manitoba and Saskatchewan will furnish their quota to this great land rush. I know of twenty-five families in the later province who have definitely decided to go to the Peace River country. The government will establish stopping places along the waggon road between Edson and Grande Prairie for the convenience of settlers."

WANT ANTI-ALIEN LEGISLATION

More Information About the Desperadoes Now Residing in London

London.—According to the latest reports the burglar killed in the Houndsditch affray and the two men killed in the Stepney battle were members of a gang of at least 20 aliens of the same type and character. It has been established that the second victim of the Stepney affair was a Russian terrorist who fled to England eleven months ago under the name of Sogel. He was 22 years of age and a native of Kolvno Lithuania. He was imprisoned at Suwalki, in Russian Poland, but escaped and fled to London. The detectives detailed to the enquiry are endeavoring to discover the connection existing between the Houndsditch affair and the Beron murder. Meanwhile agitation for a drastic anti-alien legislation grows stronger daily.

THE A. AND G. W. BOND CASE

The Case Will Come for Trial Before The End of the Month—Royal Bank Alone Will Fight

Edmonton.—Following the course adopted by the Union bank, the Dominion bank, which holds $400,000 of A. & G. W. money, recently took out interpleaders' summons in the case started against it for the recovery of the proceeds of the bond issues.

This means, if granted, that both banks will pay the money they hold to the court, and become neutral parties in the suit.

The arguments will be heard in the chambers on January 27.

The Royal bank alone, which has the remainder of the $6,000,000, will fight the case.

WESTERN ROADS OF C. P. R.

An Amount of Work to be Done on New Lines This Year

Winnipeg.—It is understood that the construction of a branch of the C. P. R. will be urged southwest from Moose Jaw, running between Lake Chaplin, and Lake Johnston and probably terminating at Gravelsburg, connecting with the line the company is building from Weyburn to Lethbridge.

It is anticipated that this year's appropriations will include items for construction work on this line east from Lethbridge. More work will also be done on the branch west of Outlook, and a through line will be completed from Moose Jaw to Lacombe.

Sifton to Ask About Our Lands

Edmonton.—It is probable that when Premier Sifton visits Ottawa next month he will bring forward the question of the provincial control of natural resources, and will endeavor to re-open negotiations with the federal government towards that end.

Three million acres in the northern portion of the province have been subdivided during 1910 and will be thrown open for homestead purposes shortly.

Labor Exchanges Needed

London.—The Daily Standard, discussing the Canadian immigration report, declares that Canada's policy has secured the best possible settlers irrespective of nationality. English immigrants get little help from the state. Imperial labor exchanges are necessary, and the Dominion offers partial solution to the blind alley of the employment of youth.

PLOT TO DEFRAUD GOVERNMENT

Rather Convincing Evidence Brought Out at The Enquiry at Vancouver

Vancouver.—At the Chinese investigation matters took a new turn when David C. Low, a young Chinese agent who with Special Agent Foster, of the Dominion government, secured the evidence which resulted in the suspension of Collector Powell and Interpreter Yip On took the stand. He recited the incidents previous to the visit of Mr. Foster.

Letters from one Gat Mun, who is connected with the firm of Na Mow in Hong Kong, addressed to Yip On were produced and read in court. These letters referred to certain "provincial goods," which means Chinese immigrants, and stated that Ping Sam's warning cable had been received too late to stop one shipment of immigrants which had been supplied with passports. Ham Sing was asked to credit Nanow, with arrivals and see them safe on shore here.

The reading of these letters and their repudiation by Yip On caused an argument between Geo. E. McCrossin, counsel for the Dominion government, and S. S. Taylor, who is representing Yip On.

Mr. Taylor stated that his stand is that the letters and cables are part of a deliberate plot to deprive Yip On of his post as interpreter. Mr. McCrossin said that matters had taken such a grave form that conspiracy to defraud the government was charged on one hand and forgery on the other.

Yp On continued his forgetfulness. At one stage the justice lost his patience and informed the witness he was tired of fooling and would not allow it any longer.

LONDON POLICE POORLY ARMED

That is the Reason That the Soldiers Were Called In At Stepney

London.—The inquest into the death of the two outlaws who were killed while resisting the police showed that soldiers were summoned by the commissioner of police because the anarchists' revolvers were superior to the weapons of the police and that less than fifty police participated in the fight. The remainder being required to deal with the crowds.

The examination of the surgeon who performed the autopsy developed that one of the men was shot by the police or soldiers while the other probably died from suffocation.

One of the bodies showed a bullet hole through the skull, the bullet having entered the back of the right ear. The surgeon thought that the victim died before the flames reached him. Appearances indicated to the physician that the second anarchist was suffocated.

AUSTRALIA AND CHINESE FLAG

A Remarkable Incident Marked the Raising of Flag of Federal Authority

Melbourne. — The proclamation transferring the northern territory to the commonwealth was read at Port Darwin. A remarkable incident marked the raising of the flag of federal authority.

It was proposed to utilize a new Australian flag on this occasion, but it was discovered the flag was the manufacture of an aged Chinese resident, who, however, was naturalized, and vigorous objection was taken.

Trouble was averted when matters were beginning to look serious by the discovery of an old tattered, European made flag.

This was hoisted to the flagstaff, and under its ragged folds the territory entered on federation.

The west Australian government is sending immigration officers to India to procure time-expired soldiers as immigrants. Special arrangements for passage to country and settlement on land will be made.

"PARLOR" MATCH ABOLISHED

Phosphorus Used is Very Dangerous to the Health of the Makers

Washington, D. C.—The "parlor" match, ordinarily used in the United States, is to be prohibited in the future, if a bill introduced recently by Representative Mann, of Illinois, becomes law. The bill prohibits the transportation of white or yellow phosphorus matches. The Recent government investigations have shown that the use of phosphorus, in the making of matches, is attended with such danger to the health of employees that President Taft urged in his message legislation looking toward a betterment of conditions.

WHEN CANADA BECOMES CENTRE

Veteran Advocate of Imperial Unity Looks Forward to the Time When Canada Will be Centre of Empire

London.—Sir F. Young, veteran advocate of imperial unity, tells The Morning Post that some people believe that Canada will so develop to become the centre of the empire.

If that belief is realized he sees no objection to the removal of the controlling government to that Dominion and he would be as content under Sir Wilfrid Laurier as under Mr. Asquith or Mr. Balfour.

New Berth Rates Start on Feb. 1

Montreal.—According to present intentions, the re-arrangement of the price of berths in sleeping cars on all the Canadian railways will go into effect on Feb. 1. The tariff will be subject to the approval of the railway commission, and will be on the same scale as proposed for the U. S. railways, upper berths being 80 per cent. of the rate charged for lower.

Mounted Police for Calgary

Calgary, Alta.—The police force is to be increased by six men. The commissioners have given the chief of police instructions to select six new constables. This brings the number of the force up to 41. Six more men will be added later. There will also be a mounted patrol for the outlying districts.

STAMP OUT ANARCHY

WORLD-WIDE MOVEMENT TO EXTERMINATE BLANK HAND

Expression is Given to the Need and Feasibility of Some Concerted Action to Stamp Out the Enemies of Law and Order—The Hague Tribunal Paves the Way for Mutual Defence Measures.

London.—That there were eight or more desperate men armed with the most modern high power automatic pistols, barricaded in the Sydney street house during the battle with the police and Scots Guards recently was proved when searchers came across six additional charred bodies in the ruins, two were found immediately after the battle.

In addition to the bodies the police found one of the most complete coining boxes they have seen outside of the royal mint. Many of the dies were for foreign coins.

The continental police have been notified and an interchange of cables indicates to the police that the men were connected with an international band of counterfeiters.

Expression has been given to the growing sentiment by a forceful but dispassionate writer, who asks whether all sensible men will not agree with him in thinking that altogether too little attention is given by the great powers to the need and feasibility of concerted steps to stamp out the enemies of all order.

If the powers cannot arrange for concerted action, he argues, they might bring about simultaneous individual action to efface the "whole miserable brood of London's Peters the Painters, Tokio Kolokus, Barcelona, bomb hurlers, Rome Mafia and New York and Chicago Black Hand pests," all of whom in all lands either use anarchial machinery to hide their felonies or affect to be felons in the hope of concealing their designs of anarchy.

German opinion is almost as emphatic. A Berlin publicist wonders why, even if it be too early to talk of national disarmament, it is not high time to devise "some practical scheme for disarming for ever the only enemies of all nations, government and civilized society."

In Paris, where the prevailing view is that duty of leadership in a campaign for international action against anarchy rests with France and the United States because of their Republican character, the point is made that "the existence of The Hague tribunal paves the way for indefinite multiplication of mutual defence measures."

Statesmen, economists and railway men are bound to be attracted to the course of the French government in the matter or railway bills by which M. Briand thinks he will be able to safeguard France against a stoppage in the public service and to substitute conference for fighting in the settlement of differences between railway servants and managers.

Already several features of measures are being denounced as reactionary because they call for a conciliation or arbitration that in the last report would be virtually compulsory.

TOLD OF FUR TRADERS

Sir Wilfrid Laurier Addresses Quebec Woman's Canadian Club

Quebec.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier was the guest of the Woman's Canadian club of Quebec recently, when he delivered a most interesting address upon the early days of the settlers in Canada.

Referring to the Hudson's Bay company the premier described the remarkable charter granted by King Charles II. in 1670 to Prince Rupert and his associates known as "The Company of Adventurers Trading into Hudson's Bay," and compared it with that granted to the East India Company.

Sir Wilfrid declared in conclusion that he had been led to select the subject of his address from his constant desire to extend the fame and the glory of the Canadian people and nation for the history of the Canadian fur trade was one of the most thrilling and most romantic chapters in Canadian history.

GRAIN HANDLING FACILITIES

The Government Will Have Effective Method to Prevent Mixing Operations

Ottawa.—It is understood that part of the Canadian government's plans for the creation of a grain route from the Western farms to the British market by way of Hudson's Bay, includes grain handling facilities at Liverpool.

Complaint has been made by the Canadian grain producers that they have been deprived of proper profits by the mixing operations in elevators so the government has decided to go to extreme lengths to correct the evil.

Canada now has cold storage facilities at the Liverpool docks for perishable products and the proposed facilities for taking care of the grain and preserving the grades intact is another step in the same direction.

OLD COLONY READY

The Premier of The Ancient Colony is Now in New York on Business

New York.—Sir Edward Morris said that while in Boston he noticed considerable sentiment in favor not only of Canadian reciprocity, but also reciprocity with Newfoundland. Sir Edward added that if the United States wished to consider reciprocity with his government, Newfoundland was prepared to discuss it at any time.

A Centenary Celebration

Winnipeg.—The Lord Selkirk association has decided to mark the centenary of that pioneer colonizer next year, regardless of the plans of the Centennial association promoting the world's fair.

It is intended to erect a suitable memorial to Lord Selkirk.

PLAN TO CONSERVE FORESTS

R. H. Campbell Outlines Proposals for Large Expenditure in Work

Ottawa, Ont.—R. H. Campbell, chief of the forestry department, in discussing the protection of Canada's forests from devastation by fires, outlined a gigantic plan of conservation.

"We must have more money immediately," he said, "to cope with the existing conditions. This appropriation must either come from the provincial or federal parliaments," he added. It is evidently plain from these statements that if the Canadian people wish to see a future revenue from their vast forestry they must, of course, be willing to allow their representatives at parliament, either local or dominion, to vote ample appropriations for this protection.

The plan as outlined by Mr. Campbell is to install fire inspectors with power to organize fire wardens at every point in Canada where the mounted police are now stationed. This will involve a much larger expenditure than is now appropriated for this important work.

To this end are the efforts of Hon. Clifford Sifton, in his endeavor to have parliament guarantee a sum equivalent to two and a half million for a period of ten or fifteen years.

The First Union Church.

The Town of Melville, Sask., is proud of many things. In October, 1907, the first building went up, in the winter of 1907-08 only 30 people comprised the population; now in 1910 Melville is an incorporated town with nearly two thousand citizens—there's growth to be proud of. And she is proud of her streets and her fire-fighting appliances and of her municipal rink and of her $15,000 school; and now, last of all, of her Union Church.

There had been churches already During the first summer the only church in Melville was the German Lutheran, a large percentage of the farmers being of that creed. The Presbyterians and Methodists sheltered here for a season in a quite pretentious frame building with a tower. The English Church was next in architectural evidence, humble, with no tower and no stained glass. Followed the Roman Catholic, also humble in its size and quality, with its distinguishing cross and the distinction of having been erected in a shorter space of time than any of its fellows. The motives that led to the inauguration of the Union Church in November, 1909, were mostly common sense. The people wanted a good service and a good congregation and to be self-supporting. Also, they had the right man, Rev. Mr. Reid, from Ireland, liberal in views, kind, sympathetic and untiring. Among the members are Methodists, Congregationalists, Baptists, Presbyterians and some English Church folk. In doctrine and government, this Union Church has adopted that laid down by the joint committee of the Congregational, Presbyterian and Methodist bodies.

Melville modestly announces that she is going to show to the world—the world, mind you—that where there is the spirit of toleration and good common sense union can become a success.

Two Kinds of Superintendent.

Alike as two peas from the same pod are J. R. L. Starr, K.C., and U. E. Gillen, of the Grand Trunk. They are alike physically, both as to size and appearance, even to the detail of facial contour.

Both are superintendents. Mr. Gillen is a Grand Trunk superintendent. Mr. Starr is a superintendent, too, but not of a soulless corporation. This fact came out during the recent Grand Trunk strike.

Mr. Starr was going home on a Toronto street car. A striker and his friend were on the same car. The striker saw Mr. Starr's big form.

"There's the superintendent," said the striker.

"So he is, and Bathurst Street Methodist Sunday School never had a better one."

"What are you giving us?" demanded the railway man.

"Aren't you talking of Mr. J. R. L. Starr, the lawyer?" asked the friend, in surprise.

"I am not; I am meaning Gillen of the Grand Trunk."

But it was Starr just the same.

Making Himself Useful.

Persia's former shah appears to be supporting his exile more philosophically than Abdul Hamid. According to the Cri de Paris, he has learned Russian and reads Tolstoy, Dostoievsky and Gorki in the original. He attends some of the lectures at the University of Odessa and has paid his entrance fees to the school of medicine. This branch of study appeals to him most strongly, and he hopes in due course to take a medical degree and even to practice as a doctor should his subjects not recall him to the throne.

Lemieux is Pleased

London.—Hon. Rudolphe Lemieux is greatly pleased with his visit to South Africa. Every one was attentive and considerate and en route to the coast he had a royal time, everything being thrown open to him and he was a public guest everywhere the steamer called.

The Protested Winnipeg Election

Winnipeg.—Mayor Evans has retained H. Whitla, who until recently was city prosecutor to represent him in a petition brought by the unsuccessful candidate, E. D. Martin, to contest the mayoral election. The city prosecutor is an appointee of the provincial government.

Chances for Philanthropists

London.—The Daily Graphic says that the emigration report justifies that the emigration of children is a vast field for philanthropic work that is barely touched.

Travellers to Vote by Mail

Toronto.—W. D. McPherson, M.P., will place before the Ontario legislature next session a proposal that commercial travellers be allowed to vote by mail.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

LESSON III.—FIRST QUARTER, FOR JAN. 15, 1911.

Text of the Lesson, II Chron. xv, 1-15. Memory Verses, 1, 2—Golden Text, II Chron. xv, 7—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

Although Abijah, son of Rehoboam, reigned only three years and walked in all the sins of his father (I Kings xv, 1-3), yet there is in II Chron. xiii a remarkable record of a great victory which the Lord gave him over the army of Jeroboam, which was just twice as great as his because he relied upon the Lord God of his fathers. The Lord has often seen fit to do mighty things for very unworthy people for His great name's sake. Jer. xiv, 7, is very strong and effectual pleading.

Our lesson today introduces us to good King Asa, who reigned forty-one years and did that which was good and right in the eyes of the Lord his God. He also defeated an army twice as large as his own because he relied on the Lord (xiv, 8, 9; xvi, 8). His prayer in chapter xiv, 11, has often helped me: "Lord, it is nothing with Thee to help, whether with many or with them that have no power. Help us, O Lord our God, for we rest on Thee, and in Thy name we go."

Yet in the thirty-sixth year of his reign he was led into making a league with the king of Syria, and, being reproved for it by the Lord through His servant Hanani, he became so angry that he put the prophet in prison. He seems never to have got over this reproof of the Lord, for when, three years later, he became diseased in his feet he did not seek the Lord in his affliction.

All the Lord's dealings with His people are intended to bring them nearer to Himself, but to this day many become so offended by what He does or does not do that they turn away from Him and lose all fellowship with Him. Some of my friends know something of the preciousness to my soul of these words of the Lord through His servant Hanani, "The eyes of the Lord run to and fro throughout the whole earth to show Himself strong in the behalf of them whose hearts are perfect toward Him" (chapter xvi, 9). We need such a word as this so much, for the devil is always going to and fro in the earth and walking up and down in it. As a roaring lion he walketh about seeking whom he may devour (Job. 1, 7; ii, 2; I Pet. v, 8).

Early in the reign of Asa the Spirit of God spoke to him through Azariah, the son of Oded, in the words of verses 2 to 7 of our lesson, referring to the years past when the people had been out of fellowship with God, but whenever they in their trouble sought Him. He was always found of them. Much of the message takes us back to the days of the judges. By the Lord's gracious dealings with His people in the past, notwithstanding all their sin. He encouraged Asa with the words, "Be ye strong, therefore, and let not your hands be weak, for your work shall be rewarded" (verse 7). His exhortation to us still and always is, "Be strong in the Lord and in the power of His might" (Eph. vi, 10). See also Isa. xl, 28-31; xlv, 24; Josh. 4, 6, 18; Hag. ii, 4, and note by contrast Uzziah, who was marvelously helped till he was strong, but then his heart was lifted up to his own destruction (chapter xxvi, 15, 16). The danger is our own strength of self confidence, for it is only when we are weak that we are really strong (II Cor. xii, 9, 10). Isa. xii, 13, is a grand word for weak hands, and, as to works, how full of encouragement is I Cor. xv. 58! Rev. xxii 12; Luke xiv, 14, are two of the best on rewards.

The king, being greatly encouraged by this message from the Lord, began to purge the land of idolatry, even destroying the idol of his grandmother (I Kings xv, 12, 13), and to restore the worship of the true God. The people fell to him in abundance out of Israel when they saw that the Lord his God was with him (verse 9). They sacrificed unto the Lord and sought Him with their whole desire and entered into a covenant to seek the Lord God of their fathers with all their heart and with all their soul (verses 11-15).

The first use of the title God "Almighty," which means "the mighty God who is all sufficient," is in Gen. xvii, 1, where Abram is encouraged to walk before God and be sincere or upright or whole hearted. From the book of Job, in which this title is used more often than in all the rest of the Bible, we learn that to know the Almighty there must be an abhorrence and renunciation of self (Job xlii).

This turning to God in the days of Asa was such a reality that they decreed that whosoever would not seek the Lord God of Israel should be put to death, whether small or great, whether man or woman (verse 13). It might be a question whether this compulsory turning to God would, after all, prove to be a real turning of the heart. With us it is either life or death. He who does not truly receive the Lord Jesus is dead in trespasses and sins, a lost soul, but the good news is that Jesus came to seek and save the lost (John iii, 18; I John v, 12; Eph. ii, 1, 2; II Cor. iv, 3). If the love of Him who gave up all His glory and bare our sins on Golgotha does not win us to Him we must be dead indeed.

2500 Men Working on G. T. P. in B.C.

Vancouver, B. C.—B. B. Kelliher, chief engineer of the Grand Trunk Pacific, is authority for the statement that there are at present more men than ever before working on the grades of Prince Rupert. Twenty-five hundred men are working and the labor scarcity of last summer is very much reduced. Sixty per cent. of the grade has been finished from Kitsalas to Hazelton.

Canadian Honored in U. S.

Toronto.—Word has reached Elora of the election of Alberta J. Wallace, a native of the district, to the distinguished office of governor of California. The new governor, a son of Donald Wallace, was born on his father's farm, four miles from Elora and was brought up in the township of Pilkington.

AFTER DOCTORS FAILED

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Cured Her.

Toronto, Canada.—"I shall endeavor to describe to you how I felt before I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I scarcely knew what it was to be well. I had awful bearing-down pains and usually before my monthly periods I suffered terribly and had to go to bed. I was not able to walk across the floor the pain was so bad. I doctored for a long time, but the doctor's treatment did not do me any good. I gave up all hopes of ever being well again until one day my husband saw the Compound advertised in the paper. He decided to get me a bottle, and I am thankful he did. I had not taken one bottle before I began to feel better, and I kept on taking it until now I am a different woman. It also helped me during maternity and childbirth. I can thoroughly recommend your Vegetable Compound to any woman who is afflicted with female troubles."—Mrs. J. M. TWEEDALE, 138 Nassau St., Toronto, Canada.



The success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, is unparalleled. It may be used with perfect confidence by women who suffer from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indigestion, dizziness, or nervous prostration.



"It Wears"

These two words express the reason why so many people prefer the

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brand of silver plate. This trade mark is a positive assurance of the heaviest grade of plate.

Best tea sets, dishes, waiters, etc., are stamped

MERIDEN BRITA CO.
SOLD BY LEADING DEALERS
"Silver Plate that Wears"

Important News

FUR DEALERS and TRAPPERS

SEND FURS and SKINS direct to MEN who KNOW their value. We save you money, because we KNOW the Fur Market, and pay highest prices on liberal assortments. Price list especially arranged for your territory. It is YOURS for the asking. Convince YOURSELF by making us a trial shipment.

We pay all expressage, charge no commissions, and remit promptly

LEOPOLD GASSNER FUR CO.
34 East 12th St., New York City
Capitalised at $250,000.00

A Sage's Aeroplane

Solomon was transported on his magic carpet.

"It would be perfect if my wives didn't want me to beat it," he cried.

Thus, we see, there is a fly in every ointment.—New York Sun.

As a vermifuge there is no preparation that equals Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. It has saved the lives of countless children.

It seems to be the fate of the autoist to see the under side of things.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

You can tell when a woman's complexion is touched up a bit by how conscious she acts that it is natural.

Anklets With Hobble Skirts

English women have taken up the fashion of wearing golden bangles about the ankles as do the women of India and Africa. This fashion of the jewelled anklets was introduced into Paris a short time ago and has made a quick journey to London.

The opportunity for the anklet craze is furnished by the short and narrow skirts for day wear and the transparent finish of lace, net or chiffon which is set on the edge of the skirts of some of the new evening gowns, so that colored stockings and anklets can be plainly seen.

The bands are made in many designs, but the golden snake with jewelled eyes is the favorite. A hammered gold anklet with precious stones set at regular intervals is largely sold. As a rule only one anklet is worn.

A young Quaker had been for some time casting different glances at a maiden of his persuasion, while she, true to the tenets of her up-bringing, had given him mighty little encouragement. However, one day the opportunity of placing the matter upon a more stable footing presented itself to Seth, and he shyly inquired: "Martha, dost thou love me?"

"Why, Seth, we are commanded to love one another," quoted the maiden.

"Ah, Martha, but dost thou feel what the world calls love?"

"I hardly know what to tell thee, Seth. I have tried to bestow my love upon all, but I have sometimes thought that thou wast getting more than thy share."—Detroit Saturday Times.

Deeply enamored of her banking account as he had been, it was but natural that he should have pretended to admire her voice, awful though it was; but with his prize safely landed, he threw dissimulation to the winds, and when, only a few days after the return from their honeymoon, she selected what she fancied was his favorite song from her musicase and asked: "Ralph, dear, shall I sing 'Some Day'?" he responded brutally, "Well, you might possibly, if you took a lot of lessons; but at present there doesn't seem much chance of it."

Three scientific men from an eastern college visited a certain Montana mine. On the ascent by means of the usual bucket one professor thought he perceived signs of weakness in the rope by which the bucket was suspended.

"How often," he enquired of the attendant, "do you change these ropes?"

"Every three months," carelessly replied the other. Then he added, thoughtfully, "This must have been forgotten. We must change it to-day—if we get up."

HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last fifteen years and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin,
Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for Constipation.

He—I never can remember what this plant is called. (Considering). Oh, sarsaparilla!

She—Alois, you really shouldn't use such bad words when things don't come to you quite readily.—Fliegende Blaetter.

Clean Stomach, Clear Mind.—The stomach is the workshop of the vital functions and when it gets out of order the whole system clogs in sympathy. The spirits flag, the mind droops and work becomes impossible. The first care should be to restore healthful action of the stomach and the best preparation for that purpose is Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. General use for years has won them a leading place in medicine. A trial will attest their value.

"I swear," old Charon said in wrath
"Here is a pretty fix;
This ferryboat won't go at all because the River Styx."



The Rayo Lamp is a high grade lamp, sold at a low price. There are lamps that cost more, but there is no better lamp made at any price. Constructed of solid brass; nickel plated—easily kept clean; an ornament to any room in any house. There is nothing known to the art of lamp-making that can add to the value of the RAYO Lamp as a light-giving device. Every dealer everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circular to the nearest agency of

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WHEN IT COMES TO

PAPER BAGS and MATCHES

We are everywhere with the standard goods. Paper and Matches are our specialties. Let us know your wants—we'll do the rest.

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ACHES, PAINS AND RHEUMATISM?

Zam-Buk Will Give You Ease.

Have you had a bad attack of "general aching"? You know the feeling. Limbs ache, muscles seem to have become tired out, your back aches, now and again a twinge of rheumatism strikes you here and there. Your chest feels tight, there is a pain between your shoulders, and altogether you need toning up.

Cold is responsible for this condition, and a vigorous application of Zam-Buk will put you right. Take a hot bath, if possible, and then rub your chest and the aching limbs well with Zam-Buk.

Mrs. B. Gorie, 76 Berkeley St., Toronto, writes: "I cannot speak too highly of Zam-Buk. A few weeks ago I was suffering from a bad cold, which had settled in my throat, chest and limbs. I tried all kinds of remedies, new and old, and found very little relief until I used Zam-Buk. On applying this to my throat and chest I found such ease and relief from the tightness and soreness I determined to use only Zam-Buk. I also rubbed it on my limbs where I felt the rheumatic pains. In three days from the time I first began applying Zam-Buk I was free from the cold in my throat and chest, and also the rheumatism in my limbs."

Zam-Buk will also be found a sure cure for cold sores, chapped hands, frost bites, ulcers, blood poison, varicose sores, piles, scalp sores, ringworm, inflamed patches, babies' eruptions and chapped places, cuts, burns, bruises and skin injuries generally. All druggists and stores sell at 50c. box, or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, upon receipt of price. Avoid harmful imitations and substitutes.

A Testimonial

"Every time the automobile breaks down I notice you examining your state license.

"I do that for encouragement. The license says I'm competent to operate the machine."—Houston Chronicle.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper

Admiring Native—"You've got to hand it to that boy Daniel. Before they chucked him in the den, he made up as a comic supplement Kid, and now, by Darius, the lions are too scared to tackle him!"—Puck.

While more prevalent in winter, when sudden changes in the weather try the strongest constitutions, colds and coughs and ailments of the throat may come in any season. At the first sight of derangement use Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. Instant relief will be experienced, and use of the medicine until the cold disappears will protect the lungs from attack. For anyone with throat or chest weakness it cannot be surpassed.

Mothers-in-Law in Bethlehem

Many of the people in Bethlehem emigrate, for they have no fear of travel and make excellent colonists. It is possible to come upon men of Bethlehem in eastern Africa and even in Haiti. Now, for the first time, I saw the remarkable headdresses for which the married women of Bethlehem are famous. They are large and entirely conceal the hair. I was told that the foundation is a fez, stiffened and covered with cotton. Chains of silver, on which are strung rows of silver coins, ornament the front, and a great white veil made of cotton gives the finishing touch. Strongly built and active, the matrons of Bethlehem look very imposing as they go about their affairs, and I should scarcely think they live in great subjection to their husbands. That they make alarming mother-in-laws I can well believe. There is a proverb in Palestine, "Were the mother-in-law to love the daughter-in-law, dogs would go into paradise."—Robert Hichens, in Century.

A New Kind of Pudding

Lord Rosebery has the reputation of being a delightful host, and also of having wonderful tact. This latter gift was certainly displayed on one occasion when he was entertaining a large number of guests amongst whom was a farmer, who, tasting ice-pudding for the first time, came to the conclusion that there had been some mistake in the kitchen, and wishing to save the other guests from a like experience, whispered to his host that by some accident the pudding had got frozen. Lord Rosebery listened without a smile, tasted the pudding, and thanked his informant; then, calling an attendant, said something to him and turned with a relieved face to the farmer, saying: "It's all right, they tell me that it is a new kind of pudding, and is frozen on purpose."

The Lily Grows From the Mire

O star on the breast of the river!
O marvel of bloom and grace,
Did you fall down from heaven,
Out of the sweetest place?
You are white as the thoughts of an angel,
Your heart is steeped in the sun—
Did you grow in the Golden City,
My pure and radiant one?

Nay, I fell not out of heaven!
None gave me my saintly white!
It slowly grew from the blackness,
Down in the dreary night,
From the ooze of the silent river
I won my glory and grace;
White souls fall not, O my poet.
They rise to the sweetest place.
Author Unknown.

"Her marriage was a great disappointment to her friends." "Indeed!" "Yes, they all predicted it would turn out unhappy, and it didn't."

Census Taker—"How many children have you."
Citizen—"Three."
Census Taker—"Altogether."
Citizen—"No; one at a time."—Life.

A liquid voice is an excellent thing in a woman if she doesn't neglect to turn off the tap.

ELECTION ADDRESSES.

British Annals Are Full of Striking Pronouncements.

At one time it was customary to address long and flowery communications to the electors, calling attention to past services and setting forth the candidate's opinions in detail. A member of the Lyttelton family, in an address about a century ago, asserted, "I have discharged my duty without fear or favor, resisting equally the undue influence of the crown and the machinations of turbulent sedition," a reference to the monarchy which would not be tolerated in these days.

The longest address of recent years was issued by a West Country candidate; it ran into more than 4,000 words. As a set-off to this there is the famous one issued to the electors of Birkenhead by Sir Elliott Lees. It consisted of the single word, "Pretoria," cabled from Pretoria, where he was serving with the Yeomanry.

An oft-quoted address was that issued by a candidate at Merthyr Tydfil ten years ago. It was said that the gentleman had it printed in Cardiff by mistake, being under the impression he was in the constituency for which he was to stand. "I have lived, loved, and married," he told the electors; "owned children and houses; experienced the world, the flesh, and the devil; made and lost, and made and explored; mined, distilled, manufactured, built, lent, borrowed, bought, and sold."

For really weird election addresses one must go to the thousands of men who aspire to the modest honor of local councillor. A year ago a Christian Socialist tailor came forward at Leicester, and it is pathetic to think that his really gorgeous address only brought him fourteen votes.

He began by asking the electors of his ward to "anoint their eyes with the spittle of love, and wipe them clean with the napkin of righteousness." The address is too long to quote in full, but its import was that every worker was to have a fixed wage of $15 per week, "with free travel and all rent and taxation ended." No one is to work more than five hours a day, and retire from active labor at forty-five.

"I want you to put me into power to send all school children on a tour round the world during the last four years of their school age at the nation's expense, to make them bright and intellectual men and women, to be well-guarded by our soldiers and sailors, under the charge of their teachers and the most eminent physicians in our land." He also intended "to put the whole British Empire in apple-pie order," when "every man shall smoke his pipe of comfort free from taxation, with beer of purity, while listening to the orchestra strains of parish bands."

It was a Hibernian candidate who stated: "My posterity belonging to one of the most famous Irish families and myself being a man of unassailable integrity, of clear intelligence, and of exhaustive will-power, I will do my utmost for our prehistoric town."

Students Cheer for Liberty.

The Khedive of Egypt was unpleasantly impressed recently by a demonstration which occurred at Tanta, 50 miles north of Cairo, as his highness halted there on his way home from Alexandra.

A number of students of the secondary school shouted, "Long live the constitution! Long live the constitutional Egypt!" thus indicating that they were only ready to cheer the khedive when parliamentary rule is established there. The shouts became deafening, and signs of displeasure were noticed on the khedive's face. When the khedival train departed the governor of the province proceeded to the school and an inquiry was opened.

The executive committee of the school has in consequence expelled twelve of the students. It has been found that the students belong to a secret society, the aims of which are unknown. Before their expulsion the students paraded the streets, shouting "Down with the Governor. Death to him! Long live the constitution!"

A number of hooligans joined them, and several arrests were made, including that of a Nationalist lawyer. Much excitement prevails at Tanta.

An Editor's Clever Daughter.

Mrs. Violet Tweedale, the writer of many brilliant novels, is "a woman of all works." She can paint a landscape and cook a dinner; she can write a book and make a shirt; she can etch a sporting scene and embroider the finest designs; she is a brilliant pianist, and has the reputation of being one of the best political speakers of the day. As a girl she was a beauty, and now, in middle age, with her regular features, white hair, and commanding presence, is strikingly handsome. Mrs. Tweedale, who is the eldest daughter of the late Robert Chambers, editor of Chambers' Journal, lives in a delightful home in Aberdeenshire. Every hour of the day is assigned to one or other of her numerous interests. "I never know an idle moment, and I never know an unhappy one till, by some misadventure, I am forced to sit with idle hands," is a remark she has often made.

No Profit.

Rev. P. H. Ditchfield, the writer of so many excellent books on archaeology and old English customs, tells this good story of a Wiltshire farmer. "An old squire was riding to the Bench one morning and met a farmer, and, after exchanging greetings, observed: 'And so, John, I hear you are going to be married again.' 'Yes, sir, next Tuesday.' 'And you have been married three times before, have you not?' 'Yes, sir; this one will be the fourth.' 'And you always did pretty well for yourself, John. Your wives have always had a bit of money, I think?' 'Yes, sir; but what with bringing on 'em in and carrying on 'em out, there ain't no profit.'"

Origin of Sirloin.

King Charles I., being greatly pleased with a roast loin of beef set before him, declared it "good enough to be knighted." It has ever since been called Sir Loin.

PISO'S
IS THE NAME OF THE BEST MEDICINE for COUGHS & COLDS

A Bit of Humor

A Cleveland mother sent this somewhat satirical note to the teacher of her small son: "Pardon me for calling your attention to the fact that you have pulled Johnnie's right ear until it is getting longer than the other. Please pull his left ear for a while, and oblige his mother."—Exchange.

THE POSTMASTER JOINS THE ARMY

WHO ARE SHOUTING PRAISES OF DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS IN THE WEST.

A Neighbor Advised him to Take Them for his Rheumatism and Gravel. They Cured Him.

West Gravelburg, Sask., (Special).—Alexander McCarter, the postmaster here, has joined the great western army that has for its watchword, "When ailing, use Dodd's Kidney Pills." And like all others he has good and sufficient reasons.

"I was laid up with Rheumatism and Gravel," Mr. McCarter states, "and was also troubled with my bladder. I was so bad I could not do much work. A neighbor came along who had been troubled the same way, and advised me to try Dodd's Kidney Pills. I did it. I bought two boxes, and, using them according to directions, was soon able to go to work."

Notice one thing: It was a neighbor who had been troubled the same way who advised the postmaster to use Dodd's Kidney Pills. He also had been cured by them. That's why he recommended them.

If you're troubled with Kidney Disease in any form—Backache, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Gravel, Dropsy, Diabetes or Bright's Disease—ask your neighbors. You'll soon fine one who has been cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

All the transport workers of the world are now united under one general body.

TAKE NOTICE.

We publish simple, straight testimonials, not press agents' interviews, from well known people.

From all over America they testify to the merits of MINARD'S LINIMENT, the best of Household Remedies.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CO., LTD.

The policemen of Sydney, Australia pay 4 per cent. of their wages to the superannuation fund.

The Pill that Leads Them All—Pills are the most portable and compact of all medicines, and when easy to take are the most acceptable of preparations. But they must attest their power to be popular. As Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are the most popular of all pills they must fully meet all requirements. Accurately compounded and composed of ingredients proven to be effective in regulating the digestive organs, there is no surer medicine to be had everywhere.

Teacher—Willie, if you had five eggs in the basket and laid three on the table, how many would you then have? Willie—Eight.—Life.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

Father—"You seem to look at things in a very different light since your marriage."

Newly-married Daughter—"Well, I ought to after receiving 23 lamps for wedding presents."

Diseases of the Skin

Often appear with sudden changes of temperature. Eczema and Salt Rheum are cured by

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT

Cold, damp weather brings out eczema and salt rheum. Many who are subject to these ailments do not suffer except during the changeable weather of fall and spring.

The annoying itching and the disfiguring blotches on the skin make this trouble almost unbearable to those who are not familiar with the soothing, healing influence of Dr. Chase's Ointment.

Relief comes almost as soon as this ointment is applied. Gradually the irritation disappears, the sores are healed up and the skin is left soft, smooth and natural.

There is always danger of eczema spreading and becoming chronic. For this reason the use of the ointment should be regular and persistent until the cure is thorough and complete.

Mrs. John J. Delory, Linwood, Antigonish county, N. S., writes:—"I want to say that Dr. Chase's Ointment has proven a great blessing to me. I had salt rheum on one hand, and could not get it healed up. The itching was most distressing at times. Two boxes of Dr. Chase's Ointment has cured me completely, and I gladly recommend it to every sufferer."

In every home there is a demand for Dr. Chase's Ointment. It is particularly useful where there are children. Chafing and skin irritation are relieved at once. Obstinate wounds are readily healed. Baby eczema and all forms of poisoned or irritated skin are soon cured by this soothing, healing ointment. 60 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates and Co., Toronto.

SEA COAST OF BOHEMIA.

Humorous Errors In Geography of the Older Writers.

In a Shakespeare-Bacon controversy this droll error always turns up. But it is certain that the writer of "The Winter's Tale" could make no defence? Dr. Thoms is not forgotten by careful students; his "Notolets on Shakespeare" contained the germ of various discoveries which have been worked out in later time. And he stated positively that Bohemia had a seacoast once. Swarming up from Mount Thabor, the Hussites conquered Pomerania and the ports of Stettin and Rostock, which they held for some years. Further, he asserted that Speed's map represents them as still in possession; though published in 1622, after his death, it was certainly known many years before, and Shakespeare might have seen it. I never felt the curiosity to look up this reference myself, but some of the gentlemen who are so deeply interested in the matter ought to do so.

At any rate, blunders as grotesque have been committed by persons infinitely more responsible than an actor-dramatist. Perhaps the description of Bombay by the great Lord Clarendon is the most pleasing example. When urging the advantages of a marriage between Charles II. and Katherine of Braganza upon the Privy Council, he wrote that the alliance "proposed to give the English nation a free trade with Brazil (sic) in the East Indies. . . . And forever to annex to the crown of England the Island of Bombay, with the towns and castles thereon, which are within a very little distance of Brazil." Apparently the Privy Council saw nothing wrong, for when Francis Gwyn, who inherited the Clarendon manuscripts, published them, some fifty years later, he included this document, without any comment of his own or that august body. Probably Charles himself was not better informed when he granted the East Indian Company a perpetual lease of the island for $50 yearly.

Among the archives at Simancas is a confidential dispatch from some important personage, recommending Waterford as a spot where the soldiers of the Armada might disembark to conquer England. Among other advantages it was "only twelve miles from London." Philip II. was not more skilled in geography than in other matters, but he suspected an error here, and wrote on the margin, "I don't understand about this Waterford twelve miles from London. Make inquiry." One of his successors, Charles II., had the vaguest ideas about the geography of his own empire. It is reported, on excellent authority, that when the French took Mons, the great town and fortress of Flanders, he congratulated the Marquis d'Harcourt upon a victory over the English heretics. Flanders was Spanish territory at the date.

Funny stories are current of high officials in this realm at the present day. Grand Duff answers for one. Schoolboys ought to know that there is a town on the Persian Gulf called Bushire, once great, and still of high importance strategically. A personage was sent there from India on diplomatic business. In due time he forwarded the items of his expenses at Bushire to the foreign office, along with others incurred. The amount was transmitted to him with these latter deducted. On inquiry he was told that the foreign office could not recognize 'bus-hire.

May I dare to impute ignorance to Charles Darwin?—certainly he was the first to laugh if, in after years, he recollected advising Sir Joseph Hooker to write to "Wien," "that unknown place where they publish so many books. Where is it, by-the-by." When his fame was already world-wide, Darwin did not know that Wien is Vienna. — Frederick Boyle, in The London Pall Mall Gazette.

Labor Adviser.

It is doubtful if a better man could have been selected for the post of Labor Adviser to the British Home Office than Mr. D. J. Shackleton, M.P. for Clitheroe. He has fought his way from poverty to his present influential position. At nine years of age he started work as a half-timer in a cotton mill, and, getting his education at the local school as best he could out of working hours, he was a teacher by the time he was twelve, with pupils almost old enough to be his father. Known in the House as "Baby" Shackleton, he is one of the biggest and brawniest of M.P.'s, standing well over six feet and weighing 225 pounds. He has a soft corner in his heart for "strugglers," particularly the struggling widow with three or four children to bring up. As he told Mr. Lloyd George on one occasion, "It is an easy matter to make out a Budget when you have got the money to budget with, but it would be a difficult matter for the Chancellor to budget on $4 or $5 a week."

Trained For the Part.

Canon Rhodes Bristow, who is to succeed Canon Benham as chairman of the Poor Clergy Relief Corporation in England, has had a large and varied experience of life in the underworld of London. He once had an amusing experience at a christening. Infants usually cry while undergoing this ceremony, but this one was as quiet as a lamb. Throughout it smiled cheerfully in the canon's face. "Madam," he remarked later to the young mother, "I must congratulate you on the little one's behaviour. I have never before christened a child that has behaved so well as yours." "No wonder he behaved well," was the unexpected reply; "his father and I have been practicing on him with a pail of water for the last ten days."

A Word Picture.

Rev. E. Lipkin of Oudtshoorn, Cape Colony, has, says The Jewish Chronicle, completed and presented to the King a remarkable portrait in words of King Edward. The lines which make up the drawing contain about 85,000 words, being a history of the late Kings' life.

Nature makes the cures after all.

Now and then she gets into a tight place and needs helping out.

Things get started in the wrong direction.

Something is needed to check disease and start the system in the right direction toward health.

Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with hypophosphites can do just this.

It strengthens the nerves, feeds famished tissues, and makes rich blood.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Send 10c., name of paper and this ad. for our beautiful Savings Bank and Child's Sketch-Book. Each bank contains a Good Luck Penny.

SCOTT & BOWNE
126 Wellington Street, West Toronto, Ont

Why He Couldn't Say

A gentleman was put out of patience by some blunder of his new groom.

"Look here," said he, in his anger, "I won't have things done in this way. Do you think I'm a fool?"

"Fool, sir?" said the groom. "I can't say, sir, I only came here yesterday."—Buffalo News.

People will not assume that your store is as good as its strongest competitor unless its advertising is as good.

DR. WINTERS

Cures all chronic diseases. Write him. His valuable advice will cost you nothing.

BOX 215. NEW YORK CITY.

WINNIPEG Business College

Awarded First Prize at World's Exposition on its Work and Methods. Catalogue Free. Address.
WINNIPEG BUSINESS COLLEGE.
Cor Portage Ave & Fort St, Winnipeg

REST AND HEALTH TO MOTHER AND CHILD.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHŒA. It is absolutely harmless. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle

Canadian Pacific WESTERN EXCURSIONS

SINGLE FARE
Plus $2.00 for the Round Trip - -

From all stations in Ontario, Port Arthur and West, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta to

VANCOUVER VICTORIA AND WESTMINSTER

Tickets on sale December 15, 16 and 17, 1910; January 20, 21, 22 and 23, and February 14, 15 and 16, 1911; good to return within three months from date of issue.

Apply to nearest C. P. Ry. agent for full information.

EXCURSIONS

to

EASTERN CANADA

Daily during December. 3 months limit. Stop over privileges.
via
ST. PAUL OR DULUTH, CHICAGO and

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

The Double Track Route
Reduced Fares for
Steamship Passengers.
November 11th to December 31st. Five months limit. Write for full particulars and descriptive pamphlet.

A. E. DUFF,
General Agent, Passenger Dept.
Representative for all Steamship Lines and Cook's Tours.
260 Portage Ave. Winnipeg

Prairie Lodge 44

Meets in
Masonic Hall, Gleichen,
Every Monday Evening at 8
Visiting brethren cordially invited.

F. H. BLACKBOURNE, N. G.
D. L. BRERETON, R. Secy.

J. T. MALCOLM HUGHES
M.R.C.V.S. (London)

VETERINARY SURGEON.....

Gleichen and Strathmore

C. S. COREY, B.A., LL.B.,

Barrister
Solicitor
Notary Public

Farquharson Block, Gleichen, Alta

Shoes that Combine
Both Style and Fit



Few men wear clumsy, badly made, ugly shoes from choice.

They may say that they prefer them to shoes that are handsome and stylish,—but do they?

Most men wear ugly shoes simply because they have an idea that they're the only comfortable shoes made,—

And also because they have never worn INVICTUS Shoes.

We have INVICTUS Shoes in the newest 1910 styles which will fit every line of your foot easily, comfortably and snugly.

Remember the soles of all INVICTUS Shoes are made of genuine oak tanned sole leather—the most durable sole leather there is.

Local Agent—
F. H. Blackbourne,
MEN'S OUTFITTER,
Gleichen.

J. H. RILEY
General Blacksmithing
Repairing of All Kinds
Horseshoeing a Specialty

A TRIAL SOLICITED

Gleichen, - - Alberta

Mrs. H. Taylor
Blouse Specialist
Party Dresses, etc.
Ladies' Own Materials Made Up
TERMS MODERATE
WORKROOM ADJOINING RILEY'S BLACKSMITH SHOP

Gibson & Larkin
BAKERS
Gleichen, - Alta.

HARDWICK BROTHERS,
Post Office—Queenstown.
Range—Snake Valley.
Owners of all Cattle branded:
right ribs — left ribs **499** left ribs
right ribs **UU1** right ribs
R9 left ribs or hip.
Horses branded D right hip

G. W. EVAN
UNDERTAKER
A complete stock of Coffins and Caskets always on hand.
Embalming
Prompt and careful attention given
Office in
The Call Block, Gleichen

The Gleichen Horse Repository

Sale and Feed

Up-to-date Accommodation for every class of Horse.

Special Terms for Steady Boarders

Loose Boxes with Earth or Plank Floor as desired

Special Boxes and Accommodation for Stallions

GOOD CORRALS

H. WEST

OSTEOPATHY

N. L. SAGE
(of Sage and Church)
OSTEOPATHS, Calgary
Will be at the Palace Hotel, Gleichen, on
TUESDAYS & SATURDAYS
8 P.M. to 10 P.M.

Those wishing Treatment would do well to see him



Have a Fit

¶ Don't believe a tailor when he tells you "You're hard to fit."

¶ He wants an excuse when he makes a miss. *No excuses here.*

¶ Every suggestion of Fashion is faithfully reflected in the tailoring of our Clothes, the Soft Roll Lapel, the Form Tracing, Back, the Creased Side Seam, the Slight Bottom Flare—if you want them.

¶ And we don't take your money until you're fully satisfied.

¶ Summer Suits and Spring Overcoats $12.00 to $30.00,

"MALE ATTIRE" Tailored Clothes
At
J. AE. BEAUPRE

THE BOW VALLEY CALL

Published Every Thursday in the heart of a Wonderfully Rich Ranching and Farming District.

Subscription, $1.50 a Year; Foreign countries, $2.00.
Exchange must be added on checks.

Legal Advertising 12 cents a line for first insertion and 8 cents a line for each subsequent insertion—12 lines to the inch. Locals 10 cents a line. Lost, Found, Astray and Want advertisements 50 cents one insertion or three insertions for $1. Display ads. $1 per column inch per month. Changes should reach this office not later than noon each Monday.

W. PARK EVANS, - - - Publisher and Proprietor.

Gleichen, Alberta, January 12, 1910

COMING TO CANADA

The census returns in the state of Iowa show an actual decrease in the population and there is no increase at all in the State of Missouri. This is causing some surprise but the reason is very evident. These states particularly that of Iowa, are pretty well filled up. The farm lands are all under cultivation and the price of lands has become very high. As the young farmers could not get the land which they wanted they went some place else, many of them coming to Canada. The movement in population is not difficult to follow.

As these States fill up, it is certain that the movement towards Canada will become more and more apparent. The last of the cheap land in the United States is being placed upon the market now. It is interesting to notice that the arable area of the state of Iowa is less than the arable area of that part of Alberta, from Edmonton southward and also that the population of Iowa is over two million people at the present time. That is an indication of the population that Alberta will have in a very short time. In 1850 Iowa had a population of 192,214. In 1880 it had reached 1,600,000. Early in the '90s it had reached the two million mark. There are sufficient reasons to believe that the expansion in Alberta will be more rapid than the expansion in Iowa.

MAIL ORDER BUYING A HABIT

A writer fully conversant with, and experienced in mail order business, designates mail order buying as a habit, and we would add, in our opinion, is not only a habit but a mania. The writer says that "people in the country send away for goods of the same class that may be had at approximately the same price in their home stores. The thing that is far away posses a glamor for most of us. There are many country people for whom an article has an enhanced value if it comes from Toronto or Montreal. The goods that the home dealer carries are an old story; everyone has seen them, the neighbors have purchased some just like them or else have priced them and know their exact cost." No one will deny the truth of this statement, by one who is advocating the merit of mail order business, but at the same time this truth should be sent home to the people and we believe if it were fully elaborated on, that much sentiment would be created in favor of home buying. The same writer believes that the fasination of a certain element of chance in buying goods sight unseen, and being attracted by the imagination of the ad writer has much to do in fostering the mail order habit. Again we agree with him, for there certainly is an element of chance when purchasing things unseen. Why people shou'd persist in buying in such a manner, with opportunities abounding for seeing goods before purchasing we cannot quite comprehend. That it is being done, though, is quite apparent.

The basis of mail order business is advertising. Advertising, in brief, is nothing but telling people what you have to offer for sale, and in this connection we would suggest to the stores two thoughts. First, make good use of the publication in your town by taking your space in the same to tell the people in the territory tributary to your town of the goods and prices which you have to offer. Secondly, encourage the publisher of the newspaper to dwell upon the fact that mail order buying is but a habit and that recognized authorities on the mail order business do not claim that greater values must be given or are given by mail order houses that local dealers can or do give, but that mail order business is largely built up on the above named fascination for chance, and encourage them to cultivate the habit of buying at home.

The Gleichen District does not want cheap people or anything else of that kind. We want the best in the market and well repaid farmers as well as well paid laborers. We want a good price for our produce, meals and our Salvation.

Gleichen offers every inducement to men of energy and push and now is the time to get in on the groundfloor. Many lines of trade is not represented here and those in search of fortune cannot do better than come here and investigate for themselves.

Subscribe to The Call

PEOLES' CAFE

Our stock of Candy and Confectionery is Unexcelled

Soda Drinks
Of every known flavor that tickle the palate of the most factidious

Ice Cream
Fresh Fruit

NOTICE—ON and AFTER the 1st SEPTEMBER, 1910, this Business will be conducted on a STRICTLY CASH SYSTEM.

Larkin & Larkin

Under New Management

Sarnia
Livery, Feed,
and
Sale Stables

Horses and Conveyances to Hire.

Good Stabling and Feed Every Attention

BEST WATER IN TOWN

C. L. McIntyre

BUILDING MOVERS

If You require Your BUILDINGS MOVED at anytime we are prepared to move them safely and at the most reasonable figures.

JONES & HAUSE
P.O. Box 158
Gleichen

R. HURD
(Successor to L. Gill)

Having taken over the **Tailoring Business** formerly conducted by Lancelot Gill, I desire to announce to the people of the Gleichen district that I am prepared to meet every requirement in

FASHIONABLE TAILORING

I have a fine selection of Samples of English and Canadian Patterns on view, and am prepared to make your Clothing in Gleichen or have them made in Toronto or England.

Clothing Cleaned and Pressed

Boot & Shoe Repairing
R. HURD, Gleichen

The quicker a cold is gotten rid of the less the danger from pneumonia and other serious diseases. Mr. R.W.L. Hall, of Waverly, Va., says: "I firmly believe Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to be absolutely the the best preparation on the market for colds. I have recommended it to my friends and they all agree with me." For sale by all dealers.

When you have a cold get a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It will soon fix you up all right and will ward off any tendency toward pneumonia. This remedy contains no opium or other narcotic and may be given as confidently to a baby as to an adult. Sold by all dealers.

THE PIONEER STORE

-:- Closing Out Sale -:-

We are Offering Our Customers
Greater Bargains
This Year than was ever offered in Gleichen before

When we say this we know whereof we speak. This is the
PIONEER STORE
not only in Name but in Reality. It is 26 long years ago since we first opened our doors for business, and there is scarcely a half-dozen white men here now who remember the eventful day. But the
THOUSANDS OF NEWCOMERS
can see and Participate in our
CLOSING OUT SALE
And Watch Gleichen's First Store Cleared to the
LAST ARTICLE

We are giving BARGAINS that means Something to Everyone in This District
And None Need Want
while our big stock holds out

Not only are we
Slaughtering Our Stock
but we offer our Store for Sale or Rent

J. A. E. BEAUPRE
THE PIONEER STORE

Harness, Saddles, Tents, Trunks

Harness of every style and description.

Call and make your choice while the stock is complete.

My stock of Saddles consists of Ladies' Astride Saddles, Stock Saddles and Boy's Saddles, ranging in price from $8.00 to $75.00.

Tents from 8x10 to 12x14, always in stock, other sizes can be had on one day's notice.

T. H. BEACH

J. J. Bartsch — C. H. Padley

THE
PIONEER MEAT MARKET

BARTSCH & PADLEY
Proprietors

Dealers in
All kinds of Fresh and Smoked Meats
Also the Best of
Creamery and Dairy Butter and Eggs
HOME-MADE SAUSAGES
A Good Variety of Fresh and Salted Fish
Dealers in Live Stock
COME AND SEE US

In Taking this Opportunity of Wishing Our Customers and Friends the
Compliments of the Season

We also wish to
THANK ALL
who have helped us to Build up
So Successful a Business
During the year of 1910
BARCLAY & HALL

DO NOT RENT

BUY A FARM

IN THE

BOW RIVER VALLEY

TERMS: Ten Years Time or Crop Payments. Six per cent. Interest

Continent's Most Fertile Land at Lowest Prices

CANADIAN PACIFIC IRRIGATION COLONIZATION COMPANY, LTD.

CALGARY, ALBERTA

JOHN KEE RESTAURANT

(Opposite Griesbach Hall)
GLEICHEN STREET

First-Class Meals, 25c.
$4.50 per Week

Board and Room
$5.50 per Week

Everything Clean and Comfortable
John Kee, Proprietor

LAST CHANCE RANCH

T. P. McHUGH, Proprietor,
QUEENSTOWN.



"BELLADOR" No. 26046.

Colts of 1904 [brand] on left shoulder.

Vent for above [brand] on left hip.

Cattle Brand: 101 on left hip or left ribs.

Calves of 1903: 101 on left hip and bar on ribs.

Also owners of Horses branded JJ on left shoulder.

Heavy Draft Horses for Sale.

GLEICHEN, ALBERTA.

I had been troubled with constipation for two years and tried all of the best physicians in Bristol, Tenn., and they could do nothing for me," writes Thos. E. Williams, Middlebore, Ky. "Two packages of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets cured me." For sale by all dealers.

In the past the Call has made no charge for changing advertisements but from now on an extra charge will be made for all changes unless they reach this office on the Saturday preceding the publication.

Every family has need of a good reliable liniment. For sprains, soreness of the muscles and rheumatic pains there is nothing like Chamberlain's. Sold by all dealers.

The J.C. Ranch Co.

Breeders and Importers of High-Class
Clydesdale MARES and STALLIONS
always FOR SALE at Right Prices.

An Importation of 23 head Just Landed from Scotland.

The Largest Bunch of Registered Clydesdales in Alberta to Select from.

All our Show Stock are For Sale

Write for prices direct and save middle-men's profits.

JOHN CLARK, Jnr., Manager,
Box 32, Gleichen, Alta.

Implements and Machinery
McCormack

I am carrying a full line of Pure
Manilla Binder Twine
650 Feet to the Pound.

Also Wagons, Plows, Harrows, Discs, Drills, Seed Cleaners, Etc.,

Sole Agent in this District for the
Improved Brandon Sub-surface Packer
This machine is highly recommended by Prof. Campbell in his Soil Culture Method.

A. F. LARKIN
Telford Building, - - - Gleichen

PROVINCIAL NEWS

(Our weekly letter from Calgary)

Mighty Rush of Homeseekers to Alberta

Even though the winter is upon us the interest in Alberta on the part of homeseekers and farmers, has not slackened during the holiday season.

The Hon. Duncan Marshall returned this week from Winnipeg, where he has been for the past several days on a business trip. The Minister expressed himself as greatly pleased with the public work that is in progress in that city with a view to directing the new immigrants to Alberta.

"Despite the fact that this is supposed to be the quietest period of the year," said Mr. Marshall, "our agent, R. J. Daley, is doing much work. He informed me that during the first eighteen days of December he received one hundred and twenty-five letters in addition to the regular correspondence, seeking information about specific localities in this province, where writers contemplated residing.

"All fall," continued the Minister, "there has been an average of seventy-five persons a week visiting our offices in Winnipeg. These have been largely settlers en route to the west, and many of them have been directed to Alberta."

He states that this is an exceptionally good showing in view of the fact that immigration during the holiday months is at its lowest point.

Eastern Company to Deal in Western Railway Lands

Papers filed at the office of the Secretary of State, show the incorporation at Auburn, Maine, of the "Floyd-Carver Incorporated Company," for the purpose of dealing in Canadian Pacific Railway lands and conducting allied businesses.

The capital stock is $10,000, all common, in shares of the par value $1.00. The incorporators are H. P. Carver, of Calgary, president; Ernest Ernest E. Floyd, of Boston, treasurer; Norman G. Smith, of Auburn, Maine, clerk; who constitute the initial board of directors. Mr. Floyd, for some time past, has been conducting a publicity campaign in favor of Alberta farm lands in Boston, and is doubtless meeting with such success that he finds the promotion of the above company necessary to his business.

Fine Fall Saves Alberta's Hay Crop

Last fall there was a cry that with the scarcity of hay in Alberta there would be great suffering among cattle, especially range stock. Hay was said to be gone in all of the chief localities, forest and prairie fires in the hills and plains sweeping away many thousand acres of food. The cattlemen feared a famine.

Now the fear is removed. The long open fall and the open winter has counteracted the effect of the fires and the dry season. All winter, thus far, the cattle have rustled for themselves, even the small farmers in the greater number of cases, turning their cattle on the prairie and jealously guarding their hay stacks. The result is that, up to date, practically no hay has been fed to the cattle and range horses and the stacks are as numerous as they were in the fall. If the ranchers and farmers should fetch up their cattle now and feed hay entirely entirely until spring there would still be enough and to spare according to pioneer cattleman George Lane, who keeps in as close touch with cattle conditions throughout the province as any man in the west. "Plenty of hay now," he says.

$90,000 for Alberta Schools

The Minister of Education has decided to distribute a portion of the funds derived from the educational tax which is each year levied on assessable lands situated outside established school districts.

The act provides for a division of the revenue obtained from this source in the following proportion 20 per cent. for the Provincial University, 50 per cent. for our elementary public schools, 15 per cent. for the secondary departments of these schools, and 15 per cent. for an initial grant to new school districts organized from lands which have been contributing towards this tax.

The amount now being distributed among the schools of the province amounts to about $90,000, over 90 per cent. of which will go to the elementary schools. This distribution does not by any means exhaust the fund, so that from time to time, similar distributions will be made.

Importation of Blooded Racers

There is expected to arrive in Calgary this week, a number of blooded race horses, which were purchased at the Chicago Fair by John B. Setson.

The horses left Chicago a week ago and are being brought up in special cars under exceptional care. Amongst the shipment are four animals including "Excellency" a two-year old colt, "Cors Brown" a four-year old black filly, "Red Medium" and "Membrino Erl." The latter is a handsome chestnut colt, four years old, and is a half brother to "The Indian."

Death of British Ready-Made Farmer

It is with regret that we chronicle this week the death of Mr. Arthur J. Button, of Birmingham, England, who passed away at the Holy Cross Hospital after a brief illness, from the effects of pneumonia.

Mr. Button, who came out last spring and took up a ready-made farm in the Crossfield irrigated colony, was a single man of 35 years of age. His demise so soon after his arrival, is additionally sad owing to the fact that he was to be married to a young lady from the old country, who was preparing to come out and join him.

The body was interred in Calgary cemetery upon the cablegraphic request of his relatives.

General Booth's Son Conducting Addresses

Herbert Booth, son of General Booth of the Salvation Army, opened a series of addresses in the Central Methodist Church Sunday week and continued them through the past week. The language used in these addresses was highly sensational, and such as is frequently heard in the Salvation Army Barracks in the slum districts of eastern cities. He condemned roundly sport and flayed those who devoted their time to the development of their bodies, tight-lacing, flirting etc., in no unmeasured terms, and his addresses published in the Calgary press have caused considerable comment.

Real Estate Holding Firm

The year closed with the real estate situation holding firm. While the somewhat short crop on non-irrigated lands in Southern Alberta this year, due to the slight drought had a tendency to decrease land sales and put the brake on speculation, particularly on city property, activity in real estate appears to have again strengthened and, for the past month, has been especially busy. The drought in question was widespread, effecting practically the entire Central and Northern States of the Union, and it is found that when agricultural conditions south of the International boundary are good, the emigration to Western Canada increases, owing to the fact that the American farmer then enjoys a good demand for his land and can consequently sell his farm and re-invest in Western Canada. The majority of farmers of this class, who take up lands in Alberta, especially those who purchase farms within the irrigated area contiguous to Calgary, invest in city property, many of them erecting dwelling houseg and business blocks for residence or lease.

The bank clearing, for the past week, amounted to $3,163,340, which is an increase of 42% over the corresponding week of last year.

Until Christmas had passed, December weather was most favorable for building conditions, and a total of 73 permits were issued. They represented building having an aggregate value of $337,000. With the passing of Christmas, a cold snap has struck the district and outside building operations are temporarily suspended.

The Last Battle of the Blackfeet Indians

A Short Story of the Historical Incident

(LETHBRIDGE HERALD)

It is the proud and well-founded boast of Canadians that the newer parts of their Dominion, and especially the prairies of the West, are not only prosperous, but that they are peaceful, and their inhabitants law-abiding. For that prosperity Nature must first be thanked, for she spread out there a vast tract of country whose soil for fertility has never been surpassed, and whose climate is favorable for the growing of grain and for the carrying on of other agricultural pursuits. And, secondly, that prosperity is due to the foresight of the public men who, during the past thirty years, have directed the public affairs of this country, who provided means of access to the Canadian West, and made its fertile prairies available to the homeseekers of the older parts of the Dominion, and to the older, and much more overcrowded countries of Europe. To the energy, the courage and industry of these homeseekers the prosperity of the West is greatly due. They have turned the prairie into fields of grain, and the feeding grounds of the buffalo into ranches and meadows. The fame of that prosperity has gone abroad, and each year it is bringing to the country hundreds of thousands of people desirous of acquiring a share in the great Canadian heritage.

For that peacefulness and security credit must be given to that small but most efficient and faithful band of men composing the Royal North West Mounted Police, that, throughout all that vast region, from the International Boundary even to the shores of the Arctic Ocean, represents the majesty of the law and makes life and property secure. No other force, so limited in numbers, has assigned to it a task so great and important. It was organized in 1873, and at first consisted of only 150 men. It was increased slowly as conditions required and means for its maintenance were available; but it is still small, for according to the latest official report, it now consists of only 31 officers, 300 non-commissioned officers and constables, with 558 horses. And yet it has held secure all that vast region beyond the Great Lakes, even as far to the north west as the inhospitable gold fields of the Yukon and the subarctic region beyond Hudson's Bay. It has had to protect a sparse population, a large part of which had come from foreign lands, and was unfamiliar with our institution and the requirements of our standard or civilization. Within the limit, of its jurisdiction are also no less than 50,000 Indians—some living under treaties with the Federal government, and Far North are still roving bands of hunters. Here is work for a force 651 strong, all told; and that the work is well done is shown by the satisfactory conditions prevailing throughout all those newer parts of the Dominion.

Blackfeet and Crees Were Enemies

But it was not always like this in the Canadian West, and perhaps the change that has come over that vast region within the memory of men still in active life, can be best indicated by recalling an episode in history the last great Indian battle on Canadian soil, fought in the autumn of 1870, in Southern Alberta when at least 500 Indians were killed, almost as many men as are to-day in the Mounted Police that now keeps all those Indians from making war upon one another and upon their white neighbours.

In the Canadain West dwells a part of the great Algonquin race of Indians, of frequent mention is made in earliest Canadian history, for Algonquin tribes occupied the Ottawa Valley and the districts about the most northern of the Great Lakes. They were allies of the early French and it was principally Algonquins who in 1609, accompanied Champlain on his first expedition against the Mohawks.

The Algonquins of the West are divided into two nations, the one comprising the tribes of the Blackfeet, the Bloods and the Peigans, which form together the Blackfoot family; and the other nation consists of the Crees and the Assiniboines. These two kindred nations were hereditary enemies, and it was between them that the last great Indain battle on the Western plains was fought in the autumn of 1870.

During the preceding year smallpox had swept through the tribes of the Blackfeet sweeping off hundreds, leaving clusters of "dead lodges" here and there over the rolling prairies.

(To be continued.)

Gleichen Livery, Feed & Sale Stables

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Special Attention Given to LAND SEEKERS
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LUMBER and COAL

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The Cold Weather is now on us: Have you got that STOVE yet? If you have not, we have a fine range of Coal and Oil Heaters—

THE BONNY OAK

A good Heater at a moderate price. We also have a good stock of Cooking Stoves and Ranges of all sizes. Prices Reasonable.

For the dark night we have a splendid assortment of Parlor and Library Lamps

First-rate Gloom Dispellers See our stock of Rayo Lamps nickel base, centre draught.

For Outdoor Sports: Hockey Sticks, Skates and Pucks Game Traps

Furniture: Tables, Chairs, Easy Chairs, Couches, etc. Beds, Springs and Mattrasses

Enamelware and General Hardware Building Paper and Tar Paper. Agents for Myers' Pumps

COSGRAVE & NOTTER

ON THE JOURNEY.

Amy's Experience in an Upper Berth and What Followed.

By CICELY ALLEN.

"I am very sorry it cannot be arranged," said the young man, with a deprecatory wave of his hand, "but"—

"All the latest popular novels! Last chance to get your reading matter! No books sold on train after it starts!" The newsboy bawled this in Amy Curtis' ear, and she lost all the young man said except the words "can't climb those beastly steps."

Not that she cared. She was quite able to climb the little ladder to the upper berth. Her lip curled scornfully.

"Oh, it doesn't matter in the least, you know. It was the conductor's idea, I assure you. Only in the south, where I come from, men, as a rule, are more obliging."

She picked up her novel and proceeded to ignore McKean's presence. He looked at her blankly, then flung himself down the sleeper to the smoking compartment. "Well, I do think she's a bit harsh!" He pulled out a paper and tried to forget the scorn in the eyes but recently lifted to meet his.

In the meantime the girl in section 7 stared wrathfully at the letters in her book, which fairly danced before her eyes. "A nice beginning for my trip! I never wanted to go to Colorado Springs anyhow. I had much better remained at Bar Harbor than to let the Carters inveigle me into coming west."

With this final reflection she commenced to read in earnest, but somehow her mind went back to the very disagreeable young man who had disregarded the sleeping car conductor's request that he yield the lower berth to the young woman, whose Pullman ticket had been duplicated by a careless employee in an uptown office. She could not forget the real regret in his eyes nor the nervous, embarrassed way in which he had smoothed his hair while he was offering his halting explanation. She could not reconcile this, however, with the fact that he had declined to climb the little steps in her stead. It was most annoying, she argued, that she could not forget a certain fascination which his long, firm hand had held for her and the hair he had smoothed.

She could imagine that he had spent hours trying to brush out a certain tendency to crisp curls. She was very glad there was something that could defeat him, if it was nothing more than curls, and after deciding thus she was more content.

She did not see him again until she entered the diner at dusk. The only place left for her was a single seat at a table meant for four. The three passengers already seated were men, talking business in rather loud tones. Amy hesitated. A figure at the table opposite rose suddenly. The very disagreeable young man who had sentenced her to the upper berth was standing beside her.

"Take my place," he said eagerly, "and I will go over there with the men." He had been occupying a seat at one of the small tables, and a gray haired woman was sitting opposite him.

Amy saw all this at a glance and with a surprised uplifting of her eyebrows and a mechanical "Thank you" accepted the seat. The young man had not yet been served, and she realized that the change had not embarrassed him in the least.

"Quite willing to do things that do not incommode him," she thought scornfully.

The young man did not presume upon the reception of this courtesy. Directly after dinner he once more retired to the smoking compartment, and Amy early ordered the porter to make up her berth. Once tucked snugly away, she forgot her grievance. The steady clunk-clunk of the wheels was a singular lullaby to which she soon yielded.

It seemed as if she had not been asleep more than three minutes when she awoke to the most horrible noises that she had ever heard. What had happened? Had the train run into a circus or a jungle of wild beasts? No; the train was still moving. Its unremitting clunk-clunk could be heard at intervals between the awful sounds which no wassailed her ears. If it were not wild beasts, then maybe some one around her was dying.

This pretty, carefully reared, ever protected southern girl had never seen any one die, and in her ignorance of this and various other matters she was working herself up into a fine frenzy. A particularly deep and agonized roar was followed by a sound that was a cross between a penny whistle and a sob. She could stand the suspense no longer. She pushed the tiny button and, carefully arranging the curtains, stuck out her head to meet the look of inquiry in the porter's black face. Up and down the car she gave a hasty glance. Apparently no one else realized the tragedy that was going on so close at hand, for no other curtains were swaying, no other heads were thrust out.

"Sumfin you want, miss?"

"Why—why, don't you hear that dreadful noise?" she said. "I think some one in the berth next to me is dying."

In the dim light she could see the darky's teeth gleam ivory white in a grin that reached from ear to ear.

"It's just the gentleman in the lower berth, miss, snoring. I will wake him up. Soon as he rolls over he'll stop."

Amy jerked in her head as if the porter had struck her. She could feel him switch aside the curtains below her. Two masculine voices were wafted toward her, then the sound of a deep grunt that was decidedly masculine—and silence.

Up in her eyrie Amy lay, still flushing hotly with mortification. She knew that porter would tell everybody on the train next morning. She wished she could change cars. Then suddenly from the berth below the hated sound rose again. Evidently there was no respite from this infliction, and, oddly enough, she felt herself pitying the man who was responsible for it. It was really a disease, she decided, and he was so young too!

The next morning she met him face to face in the dining car. Her cheeks were flooded with crimson. She knew by the quizzical light in his eyes that he had heard of her mistake, and undoubtedly every one on the car knew it by this time and would consider it a fine joke.

She ate her breakfast in a resentful humor. She felt reckless and miserable, and it may have been this mood which caused her to sway uncertainly as she crossed from the diner back to the sleeper. She reached out a hand to steady herself against the side of the vestibule. Suddenly it seemed to her as if a sharp, redhot iron had been thrust into her finger tip and run up to her shoulder. She tried to draw away her hand as a child does from a hot stove, but something held it tight, and then she awoke to the truth. The train had been swinging around a curve, and the iron plaits, or folds, of the vestibule, left uncovered by a careless employee, had opened just far enough to admit her finger and then had closed upon it again. She was held as in a vise, and her calls for assistance could not be heard above the roar of the train. And so it happened that the "hateful young man" came upon her, white lipped and fainting. When they had pried the hand loose he carried her unconscious figure into the vacant drawing room. The conductor came hurrying up, greatly perturbed over the accident, which meant a damage suit for the company. He turned to the porter.

"Hustle through the train and find out whether there is a physician on board."

The young man spoke sharply. "I am a physician. Porter, bring me that long, narrow black bag from my berth."

And so it happened when Amy woke up it was to find the hateful young man deftly bandaging her injured hand. The drawing room was placed at her disposal by the anxious conductor, and the entire train force was on its knees before her. The uncovered vestibule meant that some employee's head would fall into the basket.

Toward noon, in spite of the terrific pain in her crushed finger, Amy commenced to feel drowsy, thanks to the mild narcotic which Dr. McKean had administered. He plumped up the pillows for her, and she murmured drowsily, "I didn't sleep very well last night."

McKean bit his lip. "I was afraid you wouldn't. That was the worst part of my having to put Mr. Carter in the berth with you, but I couldn't get him another lower in the car, and he stubbornly refused to buy up a drawing room."

Amy felt suddenly wide awake. "Mr. Carter! Why, didn't you"—

"Lord, no! You didn't think I was raising the roof of my berth, did you? Mr. Carter has been at a sanitarium just east of Harrisburg. He is a patient of my father's, and his people asked me to pick him up and bring him on to Colorado Springs, where I am visiting for a week or so. That's what I was trying to tell you last night."

A sudden light dawned on Amy. "Oh, it's all the fault of that newsboy! I am going to the Carters myself. They're giving a house party."

"Yes, I know," said McKean. "I saw your name on your luggage. But now you're going to sleep, and if you don't mind I shall sit here beside you and see you are not rocked off when we make a fast run."

Amy dropped back weakly among the pillows. "No, I don't mind. I will be only too glad to have—you—stay." Suddenly she raised her heavy eyelids. "But promise me you will never tell—what—I said to the porter last night."

Dr. McKean's eyes twinkled. "I promise on my honor."

Where He Scored.

A statesman who was defeated for office tells a good story on himself. "I was cocksure," he says, "before the primary that I would just trim my opponent good and plenty. I didn't hesitate to say so, either. I was licked good and proper, and what happened to me is best expressed in this story."

He told of a certain chipmunk coming out of his hole and getting on a good vantage point, where he frequently reiterated this bombastic declaration: "I can lick any bird in the forest! I can lick any bird in this forest!" A big hawk was watching the chipmunk, and just when the latter was a little more bombastic than ever the hawk made "a swoop and a swipe at him." There was a scuffle for a second, and the hawk came up with several souvenirs from the chipmunk's back. The latter shot into his hole. Some time later he emerged, warily peeping around. "Did you lick him?" asked the sparrow. "No; I didn't lick him," replied the chipmunk, and then proudly, "But I escaped with my life!"—Kansas City Journal.

Wondrous is the strength of cheerfulness.—Thomas Carlyle.

Keep Baby's Skin Clear

Mothers, do you realize the importance of caring for baby's tender, easily irritated skin? Neglect or unsuitable methods may give rise to simple rashes or tiny sores. Torturing, disfiguring humors follow and threaten to become permanent. Not only is Cuticura Soap the purest and sweetest for baby's bath but, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, it affords the speediest and most economical method of clearing baby's skin and scalp of eczemas, rashes, itchings and irritations, and of establishing a permanent condition of skin and hair health.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists everywhere. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston, Mass. Send for free Cuticura Book on the care of skin and scalp.



TANNING AND FUR DRESSING RECIPES

By An Old Hand.

How to tan or dress all light fur skins, such as mink, muskrat, weasel, fox, fisher, lynx cat, &c.; how to tan dog skins, sheep skins, wolf skins, badger, &c., for mats, rugs, robes, gauntlets, &c.; how to dye sheep skin mats any desired shade; how to remove the grease from furs or fur skins without wetting the skin, making the fur as clean and lively as new; how to clean white fur, such as thibet, angora, white rabbit, &c., making them as white and fresh as new; how to tan cow and horse hides for coats, robes, &c.; how to make easily and quickly a good tough leather for repairing harness and general use on the farm; how to care for hides and skins that are to be sold, and how to sell them to get the most money for them.

Any of the above recipes will be sent to any address on receipt of 50 cents, or the booklet complete for $2.00. Address:

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Box 363, Winnipeg, Man.



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Will reduce inflamed, strained, swollen Tendons, Ligaments, Muscles or Bruises. Cure or the Lameness and Stop pain from a Splint, Side Bone or Bone Spavin. No blister, no hair gone. Horse can be used. Horse Book 2 D free. $2.00 a bottle at dealers or delivered.

ABSORBINE, J.R., for mankind, $1. Reduces Strained Torn Ligaments, Enlarged glands, veins or muscles—heals sores—allays pain. Book Free.

W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 137 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

LYMANS, Ltd., Montreal, Canadian Agents.

Also furnished by MARTIN SOLE & WYNNE CO., Winnipeg; THE NATIONAL DRUG & CHEMICAL CO., Winnipeg & Calgary; and HENDERSON Bros. Co., Ltd., Vancouver.

On a Business Basis

Mother—I gave you a nickel yesterday to be good and today you are just as bad as you can be.

Willie—Yes, ma, I'm trying to show you that you got your money's worth yesterday.—Boston Transcript.

The Wonder of the Age

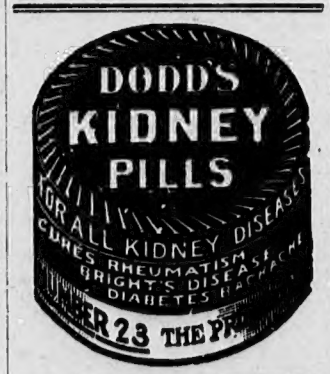
"We live in an age of marvels." "It is, indeed, wonderful how so many persons escape being struck by automobiles."—Buffalo Express.

"Why do you invariably take a taxicab when you're drinking?"

"The bill always sobers me instantly."—Washington Herald.

There is no insurance against accident of birth.

Those who stick to business rarely get stuck up.



W. N. U., No. 827.

BANK OF ENGLAND NOTES.

Qualities Which Prevent Their Being Counterfeited Successfully.

About the year 1819 a great outcry was raised against the Bank of England for not adopting a style of note that could not be imitated and at the same time preventing the sacrifice of life which at that period was common, the punishment for forgery being death. The subject at last became so pressing that the Goverment appointed commissioners to investigate the cause of the numerous forgeries and whether a mode could be devised whereby the forging of bank notes might be prevented.

Previous to this investigation the directors of the bank had been endeavoring to remedy the evil, many plans having been submitted to them, all of which they were obliged to reject.

The bank placed before the commissioners 180 different projects that had been recommended for adoption and and 70 varieties of paper made by way of experiment. The result of all this labor was the bank note of today.

The color of the paper is peculiar, and cannot be imitated exactly by counterfeiters except at great expense. The combined thinness and strength of the paper are also unique. It is made in sheets large enough for two notes. Each note before it is sized weighs about 18 grains and then if doubled it is strong enough to suspend a weight of 36 pounds.

The texture of the paper is also peculiar. It has a crisp feel invariably the same and such that bank clerks of experience can readily detect forgeries by this test alone. Then the wire mark impressed in the making by a frame, costly to make and difficult to use, is practically inimitable.

Each note has thin rough edges uncut not to be produced by any note of cutting paper that is not devised expressly for the purpose. The paper for printing is damped with water in the exhausted receiver of an air pump. The ink used in the plate printing is made of Frankfort black, which is composed of the charcoals of the tendrils and husks of the German grape ground with linseed oil. This ink has a peculiar and very deep shade of black, common black inks being tinted either with blue or brown.

Giant Birds Now Extinct.

In the British Museum, and in several continental institutions for the advacement of science, there may be seen specimens of birds' eggs which are almost as large as a two-gallon jug. These eggs were laid by the epiornis, an extinct and gigantic bird of Madagascar. The cubic bulk of an epiornis egg is eight times that of the eg. of the ostrich, which means that each of them is equal in point of capacity to 180 hens' eggs.

The first discovery of these interesting relics of past times was made by the captain of a merchant vessel which had stopped at a port on the northeastern coast of Madagascar to trade with the natives. During the stay at this point the curious vessels used by the natives for water vases attracted the attention of the captain. Upon investigation it was found that these odd utensils were in reality gigantic egg shells cut in halves.

Upon questioning the water carriers in regard to the bird that laid the eggs, and the place where they were procured, the captain was given to understand that the bird itself was unknown, but that the eggs were discovered in a large sand bank some distance away in the up-country, and could not be found elsewhere, to the knowledge of the natives. An offer to purchase all that could be procured soon resulted in the discovery of several fine specimens, all of which fell into the hands of Isadore G. St. Hilaire, the French naturalist. These curiosities were afterward distributed among the largest museums.

From Butcher's Counter to Pulpit.

For thirty-eight years the Rev. W. Cuff, the famous pastor of the Shoreditch Tabernacle, has worked amongst the poor of the east end of London. He began life as a butcher, but, to quote his own words, "Early in my career I abandoned the carving of carcasses for the curing of souls." And few men have done more to alleviate the distress and bring sunshine into the lives of the masses in the east end. His work has been full of interesting and amusing experiences. He not only preaches to the people, but helps to feed them, and, on one occasion, thought he wuld assist his wife in clothing them. "So I took a little child," he says, "and measured it up and dressed it in the bonniest of suits. 'What do you think of that?' I said to the mother of the child. 'Well, I suppose you know best, pastor,' she replied; 'but you've gorne and made a boy of 'er!'"

Epigram on Dean Liddell.

When Dean Liddell, the part author of a famous Greek lexicon, was head master of Westminster, he one day told the boys in his class that they must write an English epigram. They might each choose their own subject, but an epigram they must write. Some said it was impossible, but one boy wrote:

Two men wrote a Lexicon,
Liddell and Scott;
One-half was clever,
And one-half was not.
Give me the answer, boys,
Quick to this riddle,
Which was by Scott,
And which was by Liddell?

Dr. Liddell, when the epigram was submitted, remarked: "I think you are rather severe."

Gone Before.

"When antiseptic surgery first came in," said a medical writer, "the doctors operated right and left. The widow of one poor chap put on his tombstone:

"'In memory of my dear husband. Gone to join his sciatic nerve, his large intestine, his eardrum, his liver, his left scapula and a leg inadvertently removed by a surgeon who was given to fits of absentmindedness.'"

How to Eat Waffles

The Republican nominee for governor of Ohio is very fond of waffles. "I have a regular formula for eating waffles," said Mr. Harding to a friend, "and I recommend it to every one. You eat the first fourteen waffles without syrup, but with lots of butter. Then you put syrup on the next nine, and the last half dozen you eat just simply swimming in syrup. Eaten that way waffles never hurt anybody.

"Thank you, sir," said the seedy-loking individual who had just received a hopper from a benevolent old gentleman: "I've been out of work for some time, sir, but I hopes to start again next year."

"Next year!" echoed the old gentlemen. "Why, what is your occupation?"

"To tell the truth, sir," replied the seedy one, "I'm a coronation programme seller.

Pain Flees Before It.—There is more virtue in a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil as a subduer of pain than in gallons of other medicine. The public know this and there are few households throughout the country where it cannot be found. Thirty years of use has familiarized the people with it, and made it a household medicine throughout the western world.

"Remove the sting of a wasp or bee with a watch key, pressing the place with it; then rub the sting with a slice of raw onion, moist tobacco, or a damp blue bag."—Daily Mirror. Press gently, dry, dust with boracic powder, and return it to the bee (or wasp).—Punch.

Pnuemonia and Constipation are always preceded by an ordinary cold. Hamlin's Wizard Oil rubbed into the chest draws out the inflammation, breaks up the cold and prevents all serious trouble.

A gentleman who no longer was young, and who never was handsome, said to a child in the presence of her parents—"Well, my dear, what do you think of me?" The little one made no reply, and the gentleman continued—"Well, you, don't tell me. Why won't you?" Two fat little hands tucked the corners of a pinafore into her mouth, as she said archly, in a timid whisper—" 'Cause I don't want to be whipped."

Minard's Liniment Cure Diphtheria,

Pluck

"Don't spend no money for gas," he told the dentist. "Yank it out if it does hurt."

"You are plucky," said the dentist. "Let me see the tooth."

"Oh, 'taint me that's got the toothache; it's my wife. She'll be here in a minute."—Cosmopolitan.

Tommy has been making a study of etiquette. When his little sister was opening the door to leave the nursery he pulled her back by the hair and elbowed her out of the way. "Don't you know, you ignorant little thing," he said indignantly, "that it's a gentleman's place to open the door for a lady?"

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exactly meet the need which so often arises in every family for a medicine to open up and regulate the bowels. Not only are they effective in all cases of Constipation but they help greatly in breaking up a Cold or La Grippe by cleaning out the system and purifying the blood. In the same way they relieve or cure Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headaches, Rheumatism and other common ailments. In the fullest sense of the words Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills are

A HOUSEHOLD REMEDY



The Front End

A young couple had been married by a Quaker, and after the ceremony he remarked to the husband:

"Friend, thou art at the end of thy troubles."

A few weeks after the man came to the good minister boiling over with rage, having found his wife to be a regular vixen, and said:

"I thought you told me I was at the end of my troubles."

"So I did, friend, but I did not say which end," replied the Quaker.

And It's Leap Year, Too

"Yes, it was hard luck. He fell in love with her at first sight, bought a 50-trip ticket, and was refused on his second visit."—Browning's Magazine.

No matter how deep-rooted the corn or wart may be, it must yield to Holloway's Corn Cure if used as directed.

A large proportion of the so-called Holland flowering bulbs imported into this country every year in reality come from the south of France.

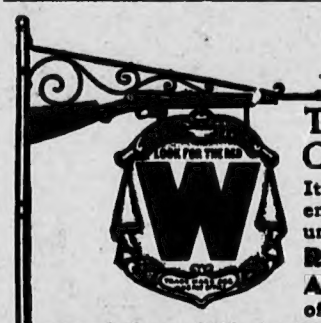


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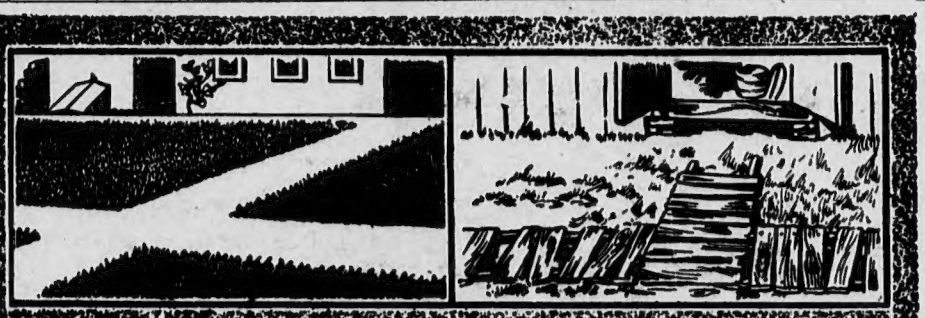
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The Lure of the Mask

By HAROLD MAC GRATH

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(Continued.)

CHAPTER XII.

GRAY VEILS.

THE fascination of Monte Carlo is not to be described—it must be seen. Vice shall be attractive, says the mother of Satan. At Monte Carlo it is more than attractive; it is compelling. A subtle hypnotism prevails, the lure of gold. Fool and rogue, saint and sinner, here they meet and mingle and change. To those who give Monte Carlo but a trifling glance, toss a coin or two on the tables and leave by the morrow's train it has no real significance. It is simply one of the sights of Europe.

To this latter class belonged the two young men. They had no fortunes to retrieve, no dishonesty to hide, no restitutions to make, no dancers to clothe and house. It was but a mild flirtation.

They had searched Nice and Monaco and Mentone, but the women they sought were not to be found. They decided, therefore, that the women had gone on to Paris.

"My system needs a tonic," said Merrihew.

"We'll hold the funeral after tonight's play. Of all the damfool games it's roulette."

"And I can prove it," Merrihew replied. "I have just $50 left." He took out the gold and toyed with it. "Can't you hear it?" he asked.

"Hear what?"

"The swan song of these tender napoleons."

Merrihew had played the numbers, the dozens, the columns, the colors, odd and even. Sometimes he would win a little, but a moment later the relentless rake would drag it back to the bank.

"Nature has done this very pretnily. Quite clever with her colors, don't you know," he drawled, plucking the down on his upper lip, for he was trying to raise a mustache, convinced that two waxed points of hair at each corner of his mouth would impress the hotel waiters and other facchini—baseborn.

"Don't be a jackass!" Hillard was out of sorts.

"You agreed with me that I was one. Why not let me make a finished product?" good humoredly.

"Well," Merrihew finally said, "you might as well let me have my letter of credit now."

"You will not set eyes upon it till we return to Genoa. That's final. I know you, my boy, and I know Monte Carlo. Even with your fifty, a watch and a ring I'm afraid to trust you out of sight."

"I can see that you will never forgive nor forget those bad cigars. Come on. We'll take a look at our Italian



A picture, beautiful, but false.

friend. He's a bad loser. I have seen him lose his temper too. It's my opinion that he's a desperate man."

"They usually are when they come to Monte Carlo."

So they walked round to the entrance to the gaming halls, where the lights, the gowns, the jewels, the sparkling eyes, the natural beauty and the beauty of enamel, the vague perfumes, the low murmur of voices, the soft rustle of silks, the music of ringing gold, all combine to produce a picture as beautiful as a mirage and as false. They joined the never ending procession which passes in and out of the swinging doors day after day, year after year.

"There's the chap with the scar. He is a handsome beggar," Hillard admitted. "I wonder what sort of blackleg he is. He's no ordinary one, I'm certain. I begin to recognize the face of the man with him. He's a distinguished diplomat."

The Italian played like an old hand, a number once in awhile, but making it a point to stake on the colors. Red began to repeat itself. He doubled and doubled. On the sixth consecutive turn he played the maximum of 12,000 francs and won. The diplomat touched him on the arm significantly, but the player shook his head. Ten minutes later he had won 40,000 francs. Again he refused to leave his chair.

"If he stays now," said Hillard, "he will lose it all. His friend is right."

"Forty thousand francs, $8,000!" murmured Merrihew sadly. Why couldn't he have luck like this?

Hillard was a true prophet. There came a change in the smile of fortune. The game jumped from color to color, seldom repeating, with zero making itself conspicuous. The man with the scar played on, but he began to lose—small sums at first, then larger till finally he was down to his original stake. The scar grew livid. He waited five turns of the wheel, then placed his stake on the second dozen. He lost. He rose from his chair scowling. His eye chanced to meet Hillard's, and their glances held for a moment.

"Fool!" said Merrihew in an undertone as the man strolled leisurely past them. "Eight thousand and not content to quit!"

Meanwhile the trolleys from Nice and Mentone had poured into Monte Carlo their usual burdens of pleasure seekers. On one of the cars from Nice there had arrived two women, both veiled and simply gowned. They seldom addressed each other and never spoke to any one else. Doubtless they were some sober married women out for a lark. Upon leaving the car they did not at once go into the casino, but directed their steps toward the terraces, for the band was playing. They sat in the shadow of the statue of Massenet, and near by the rasp of a cricket broke in upon the music. When the music stopped they linked arms and sauntered up and down the wide sweep of stone, mutually interested in the crowds. Once as they passed behind a bench the better to view the palaces of the prince they heard the voices of two men.

As they went on the women heard something about "those bad cigars." The men were Americans evidently. It was only an inconsequent incident, and a moment later both had forgotten it.

"At which table shall I make the stake, Kitty?"

"The center. There is always a crush there, and we shall not be noticed."

"I do not agree with you there. However, it shall be the center table. What would you do, Kitty, if I should break the bank?"

"Die of excitement!" truthfully.

"You will live through this event then." With a light, careless laugh La Signorina pressed her way to the table.

She lost steadily from the start. She gave no sign, however, that her forces were in full retreat from the enemy. She played on, and the hand which placed the bets was steady. And when the gold was all gone she opened her empty hands expressively and shrugged. She was beaten.

Behind the chair of the banker, opposite, stood the Italian. The scowl still marred his forehead. When the woman in the veil spread out her hands he started. There was something familiar in that gesture. And then the woman saw him. For the briefest moment her form stiffened.

"Kitty," La Signorina whispered, "let us go out to the atrium. I am tired."

They left the hall leisurely and found a vacant settle in the atrium.

"How cold your hands are!" exclaimed Kitty.

"Kitty, I am a fool, a fool! I have unwittingly put my head in the lion's mouth. If I had not reached this seat in time I should have fallen. I would willingly give all my rings if at this moment I could run across the hall and out into the open!"

"Merciful heaven! Why, what is the matter? What has happened?"

"I cannot explain to you."

"Was it some one you saw in there?"

"Silence, and sit perfectly still!"

A man in evening dress came out into the atrium, lighting a cigarette. At the sight of him both women were startled.

"It is Mr. Hillard, Mr. Merrihew's friend!" Kitty would have risen, but the other's strong hand restrained her.

"Kitty, remember your promise."

"Is he the man?"

"No, no! Only I have said that we must not meet him. It might do him incalculable harm. Harm!" La Signorina repeated. "Do you understand?"

Hillard blew outward a few pale rings of smoke and circled the atrium with an indolent glance which stopped as it rested upon the two veiled women. A certain curiosity impelled him toward them, and he sank on the settle with perhaps half a dozen spans of the hand between. He observed the women frankly. Not a single whisp of hair escaped the veils, not a line of any feature could be traced, and yet the tint of flesh shone dimly behind the silken bands of crape. He nodded.

The veils did not move.

"Fortune favors the brave, but rarely the foolish."

There was no response, but the small shoe of the woman nearest began to beat the floor ever so lightly. Hillard was chagrined.

Thereupon he bowed and sought another seat. The women hurried to the lobby. He would have given them no further thought had not the Italian with the scar appeared, eyed the retreating figures doubtfully and then started after them. That he did not know them Hillard was reasonably certain. He assumed that the Italian saw a possible flirtation. He rose quickly and followed.

The four departed from the casino and crossed toward the Hotel de Paris, the women in the lead. As yet they had not observed that they were being followed. The car stops at this turn. As the women came to a stand one of them saw the approaching men. Instantly she fled up the street. The other hesitated, then pursued her companion. Whatever doubts the Italian might have entertained, this flight dissipated then. He knew now—he knew! With a sharp cry of exultation he broke into a run. So did Hillard. People turned and stared, but none sought to intercept any of the runners. In Monte Carlo there are many strange scenes, and the knight errant often finds that his bump of caution has suddenly developed. And there were no police about; they were on the casino terraces or strolling through the gardens.

Past the park the quartet ran. Then came a stretch of darkness between one electric lamp and another. And then, as if whisked away by magic, the foremost woman disappeared. The other halted, breathless. She started again, but too late. The Italian caught her roughly and quickly tore aside the veil.

"Kitty Killigrew!" Hillard cried.

He sprang forward and grasped the Italian by the shoulders. The Italian struck out savagely, but Hillard seized his arm. Each man could hear the breathing of the other, quick and deep.

"You meddling dog!" gasped Hillard.

"Take care lest the dog bite, signor. Release my arm and stand aside!"

"Presently. Now, that way is yours," said Hillard, pointing.

"Are you certain?" the Italian hissed.

"So certain that if you do not obey me I shall call the police."

"I should like nothing better," replied the Italian, with a coolness which dumfounded Hillard.

"Do you know these ladies?"

"Do you?" insolently.

"My knowing them does not matter. But it is any gentleman's concern when a man gives pursuit to a lady who does not wish to meet him."

"A lady? Grace of Mary, that is droll!"

Hillard released the imprisoned arm There was a patent raillery, a quizzical insolence which convinced Hillard that the Italian had not given chase out of an idle purpose.

"We shall meet again," the Italian said softly.

"I hope not," replied Hillard frankly "However, you may find me at the Hotel de Londres."

The Italian laughed again. "You understand the language well," debatingly.

"And the people too." Hillard had no desire to pass the time of day with his opponent.

"Well, I have said that we shall meet again, and it must be so."

"And your hat, as well as mine, is still in the casino. The night is cold."

The Italian permitted his glance to wander over Hillard critically. He swung round on his heel and walked rapidly down the street. Hillard turned to reassure Kitty. Kitty had vanished!

(To be continued.)

QUEER PLACE FOR A NEST.

Bird Had Built It Between the Horns of a Buffalo.

It was a good many years ago that old Hugh Monroe, who for more than 75 years had traveled the prairies of the Northwest, told me that once he had found a bird's nest in the thick hair between the horns of a buffalo bull that he had killed. He had two Indians with him, and had killed the young bull, which the Indians were beginning to skin, and cut up, and while they were doing this he plucked some of the long hair from the forehead to use in wiping out his gun. As he reached down and grasped the hair a little bird—a little gray bird—flew out from under his hand and away. Parting the hair to see whence it had come he found a round, smooth nest, containing four little young birds. He could not tell what kind of birds they were.

Some time after, when I was sitting in the lodge with my Indian father and elder brothers, principal chiefs of the Blackfeet, I spoke of this tale that had been told me, and learned that all who were present had heard of just this thing. On-es-ta-kau, the White Calf had known of one case of this kind where the bird was a blackbird but this he had not seen himself.

Once, however, he did see the nest of a snowbird, containing four eggs between the horns of a bull. Inquiry, followed by a careful and detailed description, showed that the bird which the Blackfeet call snowbird was the prairie shore lark.

After we had talked about this for some time E-kus-kini, the Low Horn, said to me: "My friend, I will now tell you something. Do you know that Neo-po-muki counts the months of winter on his tongue."

"This is it," said Low Horn. "In spring if you kill one and open his mouth and lift up his tongue, you will find under the tongue, five other tongues, one tongue for each month in the winter. In the autumn he does not have these extra tongues. I do not know why he has them nor what it means."

Neo-po-muki is the chickadee and he is so called from his cry, for he always says: "Summer is coming Summer is coming!"—Montreal Standard.

Ready Example.

The school trustees were present—all of 'em—and the teacher was anxious that her scholars should do well. She picked upon Tommy as the most likely to do her credit. Tommy's knees showed through his trousers, and because the trustees were present Tommy sat with a hand on each knee.

"Tommy," said the teacher, "will you please give me"—the teacher was always polite when the trustees were present—"will you please give me a sentence with the word 'toward' in it?"

Then Tommy rose and in a graceful attitude, with a thumb on each knee, answered:

"Please, teacher, I toward my trowsis."—London Answers.

The Old Bookie.

The first time a man wins a bet, the devil writes him down in his book to lose fifty.

A VETERAN BANDSMAN

LIEUT J. M. ROGAN IS SENIOR IN BRITISH ARMY.

Bandmaster of Coldstream Guards Hails From the Isle of Wight and Had His Early Training in Church Choir — Can Remember the Days When the Conductors Were All French or Italian.

An interesting interview with Lieut. J. Mackenzie Rogan, M.V.D., Mus. Doc., Coldstream Guards, who is one of the most famous of army bandmasters, a distinguished all-round musician, and a very popular figure wherever he goes, has recently appeared in M.A.P.

"Yes, by virtue of forty-three year's service, I am the senior Bandmaster of the British Army," said the famous conductor in the course of a pleasant chat.

"Mr. Millar, of the Royal Marine Artillery, it is true, can top my record, but he really counts as belonging to the royal navy. By birth, I am a Vectensian, which, you may not know, means a native of the Isle of Wight; by parentage partly Scottish, partly Irish; and I got my early musical training in the best possible school, namely, a church choir.

"I remember, years afterwards, I was scoring some of Sir Arthur Sullivan's music for army bands—Sir Arthur himself, scored only for orchestras; he was with me at the time, and looking at my work, he exclaimed, 'Oh, ho, you were trained in a church choir, the best of schools, I can see it here.'"

Coming of military stock, Dr. Rogan went, naturally enough, into the army, joining the 11th Foot (now the Devonshire Regiment) as a "boy," and gradually working his way up through the band.

Dr. Rogan has seen some great changes since he enlisted. When he took the Queen's shilling, two-thirds of army bandmasters were foreigners and there was a violent prejudice against native musicians and native music. Now there is not a single foreign bandmaster in the army.

"Certainly there have been some excellent foreign conductors in the service," said Dr. Rogan on this point; "but, when I joined, the majority of them were rank frauds. A certain firm of musical-instrumental makers in those days made a regular business of picking foreign musicians off the streets, dressing them up in fine clothes, giving them a high-sounding title, and then palming them off on unfortunate regiments as bandmasters.

"The firm 'came in' because their proteges got all the band instruments from them and asked no questions as to price or quality. Then these foreign conductors were a constant source of irritation and insubordination among their men. Rows were frequent in the bands, and many a man was unjustly punished for insubordinate conduct towards 'Mosso' This, or 'Signor' That. I say unjustly punished, because these foreign bandmasters were civilians pure and simple, they were not subject to military law, therefore, had not military status or authority, and the soldier who 'cheeked' them committed no military offence.

"Nevertheless, many a man went to 'cells' in those days for disrespect to 'Mosso.' Fortunately for me, my first bandmaster was one of the few English ones then in the service, and a first-rate musician and man."

Then Dr. Rogan has seen a tremendous improvement in the standard of army music, partly owing to the disappearance of the foreign frauds alluded to, partly owing to the general improvement in musical taste in the army, and, indeed, throughout the nation.

High-class music was rarely played by army bands in his young days; and he remembers, when stationed at the Curragh, the bandmaster of another regiment ventured to put in a selection from Wagner one guest-night at mess.

He was barely half-way through it when his colonel bounced out in a towering passion, threatening to put him under arrest if he did not instantly stop or if he ever dared again to play such utterly condemned stuff.

"While we were at Dublin," said Dr. Rogan, continuing, "I was lucky enough, through playing in civilian orchestras, to attract the attention of Sir Robert Stewart, Professor of Music at Trinity College, Dublin, who proved a very kind friend to me—indeed, I might describe him as my 'musical godfather.'

"One of my most prized possessions is the baton which Sir Robert Stewart, when concluding the first performance in Ireland of Sullivan's 'Golden Legend,' broke over the head of the first violin who happened to come in half-a-bar late. The broken baton was sent me by a friend into whose possession it had come, and who knew the great regard in which I hold Sir Robert Stewart's memory.

"While in India I took an interest in the bands of native regiments, and on one occasion I arranged to conduct an evening performance of Il Trovadore by one of them. To get a pleasing effect, I instructed the native first cornet-player to hide himself in the jungle, which was all round the compound, coming in with his solo at the proper time.

"The moment for the cornet's interposition came, but no cornet-note was heard. I had to sing the solo myself and go on.

"The performance over, I went in search of the defaulter, half fearing that he might have been 'scoffed' by a tiger. My fears were groundless; he was safe, quite safe. He was also blissfully intoxicated. The native bazaar was close to his post; feeling frightened and lonely he had gone and got a bottle of arrack, vile native spirit, consumed the lot, and thus spoiled my 'show.'"

Washing Blankets.

Never wash blankets on a damp or cloudy day. Choose a day when it is bright and breezy.

CLERKS TAUGHT HERE.

Unselfish Development at Selfridge's Big Store In London.

The art of serving in a shop — of making customers buy what you wish to sell them—is by no means an easy one to learn. This applies particularly to the present season, when the constant flow of customers last veritably "from morn till afternoon, and afternoon till night." Yet, curiously enough, the teaching of this art has been almost entirely neglected. It was not until Mr. Percy A. Best, staff manager at Selfridge's, recently opened his school in Oxford street, that the prospective shop assistant was afforded the opportunity for thoroughly learning the ins and outs of his business.

"It was the remembrance of my own experience as a lad," said Mr. Best to the Answers man, "that caused us to start our school. My father apprenticed me to a firm for three years, during which time I was bound hand and foot, and had to do the particular work that was set before me, whether I happened to be fitted for it or not.

"The first year I was put into the 'cash desk,' at a salary of one shilling a week. This princely wage was raised to two shillings during my second year, and during my third I received a further rise to three shillings, or £7 16s. per annum. I was not bothered with income-tax papers, as you can imagine! But this consideration was as small as my earnings themselves by the side of the appalling fact that, during the whole of this period, I was having absolutely no instruction whatever.

"When one considers the many tripping-stones of shop life, how can one expect a nervous beginner to make rapid or satisfactory progress, unless he is properly taught his business? He, or she, is obsessed from the very outset by that one overwhelming fear—dismissal. He must 'rub along' somehow, and pretend to know the difference between silk and satin and cotton and linen, and the value of every article in every drawer or shelf in the shop, even if he does not.

"Customers, too, frequently need the most tactful handling. Their characteristics are many and varied. The intelligent and exacting lady who knows just what she wants, and will have it; the good-natured country mouse, who doesn't know what she wants, but wants it all the same; the bewildered paterfamilias, who must be treated very gently, because even if he does seem lost at my lady's counter, he is only endeavoring to give her some little Christmas surprise; these, and all the other familiar types of shoppers, must be handled according to their different individualities, and the well-equipped assistant must learn to respect and bear with every one.

"When I joined Selfridge's, therefore, I determined to try and find some better means of educating shop-assistants in the way they should go, and in our school, I think, we may claim to be doing so. At present we have 120 pupils. There are no fees. After the first month, which we regard merely as a test, our pupils receive a few shillings a week—in addition to their dinners and teas—and these allowances are increased in proportion to their progress. Their studies consist of attending magic-lantern lectures, practical work and observation in the various departments of our business, and essay-writing."

Pigtails In British Army.

Pigtails survived in our army until well into the nineteenth century, the Welsh fusiliers being the last to abandon them. Sir Algernon West relates how he heard an argument once as to whether the blues did or did not wear pigtails at Waterloo. One of the disputants, who had seen them on their way to Dover, was convinced that they did. The other, who had been a midshipman on the transport which conveyed them to Ostend, was equally certain that their hair was short. The giver of the dinner at which the dispute arose referred the matter on the following day to a friend who had served in the blues at Waterloo. "Both your friends were right," he said. "We were reviewed at Windsor by the King on our departure with our pigtails on, and at Dover we had them cut off before our embarkation."—London Chronicle.

Why He Applauded.

A characteristic anecdote is told of Cherubini, the most jealous of the irritable genus of composers. He had been prevailed upon to be present at the first representation of the work of a confrere, and during the first acts, which were much applauded by the public, he had kept a gloomy silence. The third act was less favorably received, and a certain passage especially seemed to cast a cold blanket over the spectators, when the old maestro, to the astonishment of his friends, was seen to applaud heartily.

"Do you really like that duo?" asked one of them. "I should have thought it was one of the poorest and coldest in the whole opera.

"You idiot," answered the maestro, with genuine naivete, "don't you see that if I did not applaud it he might possibly cut it out?"

Cleverer Than He.

The confirmed bachelor came back to the club lunch from the end of the earth, and we all asked him if he was married (he is nearly fifty). "I shall marry a clever woman if I do," he replied grimly. "Thought you didn't like those clever women," said the youngest member simply. "I don't," said the bachelor, whose views are well known and widely spread. "But if ever I marry it'll be an infernally clever woman who does it."—London Chronicle.

Turned to Syrup.

It was found, on the arrival of the British steamer Cawdor Castle, at Port Elizabeth from East London, recently that the lower hold of the vessel was full of water, and its cargo of 700 tons of sugar was in a liquid condition.

No Necessity.

Many a woman makes up everything except her mind.

PROMINENT DIANAS.

Duchess of Connaught Has a Rhinoceros to Her Credit.

The Duchess of Aosta's expedition to Central Africa is not her first experience of big game shooting. She was in Africa two years ago on the same quest, and there is a picture in existence representing her standing beside a large dead zebra, a trophy of her gun, says The London Times. It is not surprising when one considers the real dangers and hardships of this form of sport that the number of women who have taken it up seriously should be few.

The Duchess of Aosta, however, has trained herself from childhood in all kinds of open air sport. When her parents the Comte and Countesse de Paris, lived at Stowe she hunted with enthusiasm, but, unlike her mother, she did not care much for covert shooting. She shares to the full her husband's knowledge and love of horses and she was one of the first ladies of rank to take up aeronautics.

The Duchess of Connaught bagged a large rhinoceros this summer during the duke's sporting expedition to East Africa, but the Duchess of Aosta is the only princess who has had much experience of big game shooting.

Lady Delamere, who is on her way to England on a visit to her parents, Lord and Lady Enniskillen, has become under her husband's tuition a notable big game shot. She spent her honeymoon in East Africa, where Lord Delamere has practically made his home near Nairobi, cultivating sugar and cotton on a large scale. Although the equator runs through his estate, yet as it lies some 7,000 feet above the sea the climate is delightful, as Mr. Churchill, who has stayed there, can testify.

Lady Minto is, however, probably the most distinguished big game shot among English sportswomen. In the first year of her husband's viceroyalty Lady Minto and her daughter, Lady Eileen Elliot, each got a black buck while on a visit to the Maharajah of Bikanir. A year later Her Excellency took her share of the shooting during the viceregal visit to Kashmir killing seven out of the thirty-six black bears secured by the party. On a subsequent visit to Bikanir Lady Eileen Elliot got her first tiger.

A Byron Pose.

Lady Dorothy Nevill, who recently published a new book of reminiscences, tells the following story of Lord Byron:—

"Lord Byron, when he first dined with Mr. Rogers, the banker poet, to whose breakfasts I have been when a girl," says Lady Dorothy, "was asked if he would take soup. 'No; I never take soup.'

"Would he take some fish? 'No; I never take fish.'

"Presently he was asked if he would eat some mutton. 'No; I never eat mutton.'

"Mr. Rogers then asked him if he would take a glass of wine. 'No; I've never tasted wine.'

"It was then necessary to inquire what he did eat and drink; and the answer was: 'Nothing but hard biscuits and soda-water.'

"Unfortunately neither hard biscuits nor soda-water were at hand; and he dined upon potatoes, bruised down on his plate, and drenched with vinegar!

"Some days after, meeting Hobhouse, Rogers said to him, 'How long will Lord Byron persevere in his present diet?'

"He replied, 'Just so long as you continue to notice it.'

"Rogers subsequently ascertained that Byron, after leaving his house, had gone to a club in St. James' street and eaten a hearty supper."

An Irish Feud.

Ancient land feuds and family quarrels die hard in Ireland. At Cork the other week, Joseph Bradfield, farmer, Kinsale, was awarded compensation for malicious injury to a number of sheep and lambs. It was stated that the mother of the applicant was in possession of the farm for a period of twenty years. Before she took the farm a person was evicted from it. A couple of years ago a representative of the evicted tenant, who had established himself in a good place in New York, came back to Knisale and demanded the farm from Mrs. Bradfield. Since then they had been annoyed, everyone with whom they dealt in the town of Kinsale had received threatening letters, and the police had to guard the farm by day and night. The magistrate said this was not alone a malicious act, but a very disgraceful and scandalous one, and such things were the curse of Ireland.

Curious Bibles.

Among the curious Bibles is the "Persecuting Printer's Bible, containing the phrase, "Printers have persecuted me without cause" (Psalm cxix, 161). The substitution of the word "printers" for "princes" is responsible for the giving of this name to this Bible. All we know of this edition is stated by Stevens in his catalogue of the Caxton exhibition of Bibles. This authority tells us that these words were put into a Bible printed before 1702.

There is also the "Ears to Ear" Bible, in which occurs the expression "Whoso hath ears to ear, let him hear" (Matthew xii, 43). This adaptation to cockney usage is found in an octavio Bible published by the Oxford Press in 1810.

The Barber Mayor.

If you would care to have the distinction of being shaved by a mayor you must go to High Wycombe, Eng., where Mr. H. J. Cox combines municipal duties with the business of hairdressing. In spite of the fact that he was recently elected mayor, Mr. Cox does not intend to leave all his professional work to the three assistants of his shop, so that it is possible to have a mayoral shave. Mr. Cox is not only a mayor, however, but possesses the distinction of being a foreman of the local fire brigade, vice-chairman of the football club, a champion marksman, public singer, amateur actor, and cricketer.

VERSATILE YOUNG MAN

W. M. AITKEN HAS SURPRISED MONTREAL FRIENDS AGAIN.

The Canadian Who Is Now Member for Ashton-Under-Lyne Is Just Over Thirty and Hails From Nova Scotia—Had His Start as Secretary to the Late John F. Stairs and Has Put Through Some Big Deals.

Wm. Aitken, the new member for Ashton-under-Lyne, is the largest surprise packet in the new British House—especially to Canadians. Five years ago Aitken was an unknown quantity outside of Nova Scotia. To-day he is among the front-benchers of finance in Montreal, where he has lived just three years. Not merely the unexpected but the highly improbable seems to have been the rule with Aitken, who is just into his thirties and in a purely financial way has accomplished more at that age than perhaps any other Canadian. He was born in Newcastle on



W. MAXWELL AITKEN.

the Miramichi among the lumber piles. College training he had none, though he put in a short while at law and broke into insurance about the time he began to shave. At the age of twenty he met the man whom he credits with "making" him, the late John F. Stairs, of Halifax, then president of the Nova Scotia Steel and Coal Co., whose secretary he was, and in whose office he got his first inside look at finance. He helped in the reorganization of the company and soon afterwards amalgamated a couple of banks in Halifax, which was the springboard that gave him the long leap into a number of promotions such as the Trinidad Electric Co., the Camaguey Co., in Cuba, and the Porto Rico Railway Co. By this time he was twenty-seven and he decided to break into Montreal. In the big hub of finance he soon became a spoke. In all probability he never expected to do half the things he accomplished. Finance is second nature to Aitken, though he has usually managed to set his brain on projects that have an industrial side. Merely as a player of stocks he has not made a reputation: the Canada Cement Co., the Rhodes-Curry Car Co., at Amherst, the Standard Ideal Co., the Western Power Co., at Stave Lake, B.C., to furnish light and power to Vancouver, and the Calgary Power Co.—all have been made possible by the organizing genius of W. M. Aitken. He is now president of the Royal Securities Co., which he himself created. Latterly he took a trip to England to float the big Quebec timber proposition of Price Bros., to the extent of a five-million dollar sale of bonds over-subscribed twenty per cent. and more. And suddenly he broke into British politics, aptitude for which he had never displayed in Canada. When it was cabled that he might contest a seat in the Unionist cause it was pointed out that he would be a probable winner; though in Lancashire, where he took up the cudgels, he had considerable opposition from the cotton forces who knew him. At some of his meetings he had lively bouts with the hecklers, who threw him all sorts of missles about women votes, abolition of barmaids, Canadian trusts, tariff reform and unemployment, taxes on tobacco and beer, and Catholic schools. Most of his hecklers he silenced by a ready Canadian wit. He squeezed into a seat by a majority of 190.

Leaned Too Far Out.

A peculiar accident is reported from Bothwell, where, on the arrival one day lately of a train from Hamilton, a young man, Duncan Macdougall, goods clerk, was found hanging helplessly out of the window of a carriage of which he was the sole occupant. Lifted from the train, it was found that his skull was fearfully fractured, and after being medically attended he was removed to Glasgow Royal Infirmary. Macdougall, it seems, entered the train at Burnbank to visit some of his friends at Bothwell, and had evidently leaned too far out of the window, his head coming into violent contact with a bridge buttress.

Famous Sculptor Dead.

The death occurred recently of Mr. John Adams Acton, the famous sculptor, who passed away at his residence at Brodick, in the Isle of Arran, as the result of an accident that happened two years ago. Examples of his work stand prominently in all parts of the Empire. King Edward many times sat to him and enjoyed watching him work. Among the many other notable people who sat to him were Pope Leo XIII., Mr. Gladstone, Lord Beaconsfield, Mr. John Bright, Sir E. Landseer, Cardinal Manning, and Mr. Spurgeon.

Nothing Saved.

About the most expensive thing a man can do is to associate with cheap people.

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Our Order of Knight and Day:
"Warmth and Welcome."

TOWN AND DISTRICT

For pure dairy cream see the Gleichen Trading Co. 41

Many a business man hasfound that the most expensive form of retrenchment is the discontinuance of his ad.

Friday evening last Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Bray entertained the Mayor and Mayoress and Councillors and wives to an pleasant dinner party. The function was a decided social success.

Father Simonin returned last week from his trip abroad, and reports that he has much benefitted by his vacation. He will now resume his duties as Priest of the Gleichen parish.

The Call extend their condolances to Mr. D. Barclay and his brother, John, for the loss of their mother. Advice was received Tuesday night that her death took place on Christmas Day, in Scotland.

Gleichen people want a decent town an orderly town, a town of which they can be proud. In the past Gleichen has held the reputation of being that kind of a town, one of the best, in fact, in Western Canada. That reputation wants to be maintained.

When your feet are wet and cold, and your body chilled through and through from exposure, take a big dose o' Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, bathe your feet in hot water going to bed, and are almost certain to ward off a severe cold. For sale by all dealers

Gleichen's old townsman, John Dafoe, was down from Calgary on Monday and Tuesday. Mr. Dafoe had the work of installing the newly elected officers of the Oddfellows lodge on Monday and spent Tuesday calling on old friends in and around town. John is a stand-pat friend and as such his acquaintance is desirable.

Father Simonin wishes it to be understood that the services in the Roman Catholic Church will be as follows: High Mass at 11 a.m., Sunday School at 2.30 p.m., and Evening Service at 7.30 p.m. will take place in Gleichen on the 15th and 20th January. And services will be held in Mossleigh district on the 22nd of the month.

Every store keeper feels grateful to the owner who pays his accounts promptly. We want to share that feeling of gratitude. Just now subscriptions to the Bow Valley Call are due. The price is perhaps a matter of detail for our readers. For us it is of considerable consequence. We need money and of course our readers who are business men and appreciate our service, will realize that business is business. Send us your subscription to-day.

Jack Ogilvie brought on Friday last 200 brood mares and foals. They are an extremely fine looking bunch, and were lodged at the Gleicher Horse Repository until he took them to his ranch on the Red Deer. The stock was procured from the 44 Ranch, Nanton, which is said to be one of the finest and purest strains of Clydes in the Dominion. However, they will no doubt, add to the future prestige of the Gleichen District Stock, and it is by importing this class that the fame of Gleichen will be maintained.

It has been unanimously decided by our storekeepers to close on Wednesday nights at 6:30 p.m., during January and February, instead as hitherto, keeping open to 10 p.m. This is truly a step in the right direction, and the proprietors deserve credit for its adoption. It is to be hoped that the people throughout the town and district will keep the fact of the closing time in mind and not endeavor to force the breaking of the rule by undue attempts to make purchases after hours. A little forethought will prevent disappointment to them and help the cause immensely.

The Albertan publishes an announcement of its anniversary edition, which will be issued on February 28th 1911. In connection with this issue it is giving a series of prizes. For the best story sent in, upon an Alberta subject by a bona fide Alberta resident, a prize of $100 is awarded. For second, the prize is $50; for third $25 and five other prize of $5.00 each. Prizes are offered for the best poem upon Alberta; $25 and a gold medal for first prize, and prizes of $10 and gold medals for the next three. Prizes are also offered to children under 16 years of age, for the best story upon Alberta. The first prize is a gold medal and $15.00 in cash. Twelve other medals are also offered. The adult story is limited to 5,000 words and the children's to 2,000 words. The Albertan is also celebrating its anniversary in the usual manner, by giving a silver mug to every baby born upon its birthday, that is on February 28th 1911, and asks all doctors and others to make reports of the visit of the stork on the last day of February.

Prairie Lodge, No. 44

Installation of Officers and Smoker

In the Masonic Hall on Monday night a large number of Oddfellows met for the Installation of officers for the ensuing term. D. J. Bro. Jno. Dafoe conducted the ceremony and was in everyway satisfactory. The following officers were duly installed:

Bro. F. H. Blackbourne, P.G.
,, G. H. Farquharson, N.G.
,, T. F. Rowe,.....R.S.
,, R. A. Allen.....F.S.
,, F. Vigar,.....Treas.
,, A. W. Matthewson..War.
,, J. E. Ostrander....Con.
,, J. Martin,.....O.G.
,, W. Service,.....I.G.
,, D. Barclay,....R.S.N.G.
,, L. Weatherston L.S.N.G.
,, E. P. Tostivan R.S.V.G.
,, J. W. Wright, L.S.V.G.
,, R. A. Brown,....R.S.S.
,, E. McCallum,.....L.S.S.

After the business of the lodge was concluded about thirty members adjourned to the White House Restaurant where an excellent banquet was spread, and partaken of. The numerous courses successively laid before them kept each brother too busily engaged to prepare an after dinner speech, and save for an occasional mirth provoking story the diners were speechless. After the repast was over, the hour being late, and all having thoroughly enjoyed themselves, the singing of "God Save the King" terminated a beneficial evening.

Gleichen School Annual Meeting

On Saturday afternoon at the School house, the annual meeting of the Gleichen School Board was held. There was a poor attendance of the parents.

The annual report and finanical statement was read and received.

The usual routine business was gone through and placed on record.

Gleichen being now classed as a town it was necessary that there be five Trustees in place of three as hitherto. The election of these resulting as follows: Messrs. W. H. James, J. E. Ostrander, J. A. E. Beaupre, and R. Allen added to their number.

Dr. W. Rose been elected as Sec-Treas.

The meeting then adjourned.

Gleichen's Metrological Report

The following weather report is supplied by F. H. Blackburn, who is officially appointed by the Dominion Government:

	Max.	Min.
Jan. 4	41	6
5	32	17
6	32	17
7	30	16
8	20	-12
9	11	-25
10	25	-33

SITTINGS OF THE DISTRICT COURT

NOTICE

A SITTING of the DISTRICT COURT will be held at GLEICHEN on WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 25th, commencing at 10 a.m.
Dated at Edmonton 9th January, 1911.
J. A. CLARK,
Deputy-Attorney General

Mrs. H. Taylor
Blouse Specialist
Party Dresses, etc.
Ladies' Own Materials Made Up
TERMS MODERATE
WORKROOM ADJOINING RILEY'S BLACKSMITH SHOP

Notice of Dissolution

NOTICE is Hereby Given that the PARTNERSHIP heretofore subsisting between us, the undersigned as Hedges and Weaver, has this day been DISSOLVED by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said partnership are to be paid to Samuel Weaver, at Namaka, Alberta, and all claims against the said partnership are to be presented to the said Samuel Weaver by whom the same will be settled.

Dated at Namaka, Alberta, this 9th day of December, A.D. 1910

S. J. HEDGES
SAMUEL WEAVER
Witness—H. J. Hare

Gibson & Larkin
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In the EAST END of Gleichen at the Remarkably Low Price of $40. Terms, $10 down and $10 every 6 months till paid at 6 per cent interest
If you wish to buy at this Price you must do so before December 31st, 1910, as after that date the Price on all remaining lots will be $50 and upwards
We also have a few Half-acre Lots at $125. Terms: $25 down and $25 every Six Months until paid
A pair of these Lots would make a very acceptable XMAS GIFT
McKIE and HENDERSON
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"Still Winter"
December's mild weather had effect of leaving some Heavy Goods Still Unsold
But January is Starting in with WINTER
Overcoats, Overshoes
Felt Shoes, etc., etc.
Still Required, and you can BUY them at
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"The Busy Store," of
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